THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—Devoted to Religion, Politics, Science, Mining, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Mechanics, Education, Literature and the Arts.—THE UNION FOREVER.

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DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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E. B. BOUST,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

For One Year,.....Five Dollars
For Six Months,.....Three Dollars

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at reasonable rates.

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STAGES AND TRAVEL.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.

ON and after Monday, March 20th, 1866, until further notice, the trains of the Central Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

GOING EAST:

Mail and passenger train will leave Sacramento at 6:30 A. M., arrive at Colfax at 9:30 A. M.

Freight and passenger train leave Sacramento at 7:30 A. M. arrive at Colfax 12:45 P. M, also at 3 P. M., arrive at Colfax at 7:45 P. M.

GOING WEST:

Mail and passenger train leave Colfax at 10:05 A. M., arrive at Sacramento at 12:45 P. M.

Freight and passenger train leave Colfax at 6:25 A. M arrive at Sacramento at 11:15 A. M.; also at 2 P. M., arriving at Sacramento at 6:30 P. M.

The morning Passenger Trains connect at Auburn with stages for Yankee Jims, Forest Hill, and Michigan Bluffs; and at Colfax with stages for Grass Valley, Nevada, San Juan, Illinoistown, Gold Run, Dutch Flat and Virginia City.

The 6:30 A. M. up train connects at the Junction with the cars of the California Central Pacific Railroad for Lincoln and Marysville and all points north.

On Sunday, one train only will be run, leaving Sacramento at 6:30 A. M. and Colfax at 10:05 A. M.

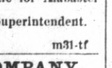
Conveyance can be had at Newcastle for Alabaster Cave, six miles distant.

C. CROCKER, Superintendent.

G. F. HARTWELL,
Assistant Superintendent. m31-tf

PIONEER STAGE COMPANY.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.



ON and after September 2nd the Coaches of the Pioneer Company will

Leave Dutch Flat daily at 6¼ o'clock, A. M., for Sacramento connecting with the cars of the Central Pacific Railroad at Colfax, and

Returning, leaves Colfax at 9½ o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Dutch Flat at 12 o'clock, M.

This line connects at Colfax with the coaches for Iowa Hill, Grass Valley, Nevada, Marysville and all points north.

Leaves Dutch Flat daily at 12¼ o'clock, P. M., for Virginia City, over the Donner Lake road.

Office, at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office.

I. HAMMOND, Agent.

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SURGEON and MECHANICAL DENTIST,

WOULD most respectfully inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that he is now prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the Dental Art. Particular attention paid to the restoration of Decayed Teeth to their original durability and usefulness by plugging with Pure Gold Foil or any other approved material.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED!

With perfect adaptation to the mouth, on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, Chorolite or any e

TEETH EXTRACTED with the late improved Elevating Forceps, with slight pain compared to the older methods of operation. Chloroform administered, if necessary. Having an experience of sixteen years in the profession I feel confident in warranting satisfaction in every case.

Office in the Golden Eagle Hall, or at the Dutch Flat Hotel. jan13-tf

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W. A. TWEED.....E. L. CRAIG
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of Placer and the adjoining counties. Office in Auburn, in Judge Myres' building, Court street, next door to the Temple saloon. my14 63-tf

A. M. WALKER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of Placer and the adjoining counties. Office on Grass Valley street, Colfax. my29-tf

L. B. ARNOLD,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Office in Concert Hall, Dutch Flat. may21-63

ELLIOTT AUBURY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE OF TOWNSHIP No 4.
Office in Concert Hall, up stairs, Main street, Dutch Flat. [au20 63-tf]

J. H. NEFF,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—TOWNSHIP No. 4.
Grass Valley Street, Colfax, Cal. mh3tf

H. W. NELSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, DUTCH FLAT.
Office one door above the Theater, Main street. my29

O. H. PETTESON,
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MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CAL.

HIGHEST PRICE paid for GOLD DUST.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 89 Front Street, Between K and L,
SACRAMENTO. [je1-6y

NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Marysville, California.

Notice is hereby given, that the following described Township Plat was filed in this office, this 3rd day of March, 1866, viz: Township No. 17 North, Range No. 16 East of Mount Diablo Meridian, State of California. Settlers upon Lands in the above named Township are hereby notified to file their claims in the Register's office, at Marysville, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will lose the benefit of their claims.

L. B. AYER, Register.
C. G. BOCKIUS, Receiver.

AWAKE, YE SONS OF DARKNESS!

WE call the attention of the Merchants of Dutch Flat and its vicinity to the following programme, which will be carried out, rain or shine, and that is, to sell goods cheap. We offer the finest selected stock of

COAL OIL LAMPS,
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PARAFFINE MACHINERY OIL!
Which is superior to anything ever introduced for lubricating purposes. Engineers would do well to give it a trial.

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COAL OIL COOKING STOVES!
For simplicity, Economy, and Perfection of operation they are unrivalled!

☞ Give us one Chance.

DELL, CRANNA & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers,
oc28-1y 511¼ and 513 Front Street, San Francisco.

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THE ASSORTMENT CONSISTS OF ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS, ALL KINDS OF FLOWER SEEDS, ALL KINDS OF GRASS AND RED AND WHITE CLOVER SEEDS, ALSO ALFALFA AND LUCERNE, EVERGREEN SEEDS, NATIVES OF CALIFORNIA AND ADJACENT STATES, ALL KINDS OF TREES AND SHRUBS, ALL KINDS OF FLOWERS IN THEIR SEASON, ALL KINDS OF BULBS IN THEIR SEASON, STRAWBERRY AND RASPBERRY PLANTS.

The Subscriber deems it superfluous to name every article for sale, but merely remarks, that no one has a superior assortment, and no one will deal more honorably by his customers, to whom he refers with confidence, as universal appro al has been awarded him.

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WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES.

Trial is the Best and Surest Test of Merit.

OVER 200,000
WHEELER & WILSON'S
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HAVE BEEN SOLD
Since they were Introduced to Public Notice. And
THE DEMAND IS GREATER NOW
Than Ever Before.

IS MORE EVIDENCE NEEDED?

Read the Following:

At the MISSION WOOLEN MILLS a Trial of SEWING MACHINES took place at which the WHEELER & WILSON, FLORENCE and other Machines were represented. After a thorough and impartial test of the merits of the different Machines, the

MISSION WOOLEN MILL COM'Y
Decided in Favor of
WHEELER & WILSON
Over all Others,

And gave orders for Thirty New Machines, paying Gold for the same.

F. L. TILESTON, Agent,
Cor. Montgomery & Sacramento Sts.,
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EUREKA! THE SECRET FOUND.

Medical men have been for ages in search of an infallible cure for RHEUMATISM, without success; but the desideratum has at length been discovered.

HEALY'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
IS WARRANTED TO CURE THE MOST OBSTINATE CASES OF CHRONIC OR INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.

This disease is incidental to the climate of California, and thousands in this country are hopelessly suffering from the effects thereof. This Liniment supplies the want so long needed; it relaxes the muscles, removes the pain, and restores health and vigor to the system.

Mr. Healy is in daily receipt of testimonials from parties who have used the Liniment, and the following well known citizens are among the number:

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6, 1866.

MR. HEALY—Dear Sir: Having witnessed many cures effected by your Rheumatism Liniment, I take great pleasure in universally recommending it to those in search of a really good article. Yours, &c.,
FRANK S. SCUDDER.

MR. FRANK HEALY: I suffered considerable rheumatic pains in both shoulders for a long time. I tried many remedies to get relief, but to no purpose. I was advised to try a bottle of 'Healey's Rheumatic Liniment,' which I did, and it has greatly relieved me. I am now using the second bottle, and am confident that in a few days I shall be well. Yours, &c., W. PAGE.
San Francisco, Feb. 9, 1866. 316 Montgomery str.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13, 1866.

To F. HEALY: I have heard much and seen practical proofs of your Liniment, and I endorse all you claim for it. L. GOETZ, 313 and 315 Battery str.

To F. HEALY—Dear Sir; Having heard of your Liniment for the cure of Rheumatism, I procured a bottle and used it, and find from the relief I experienced that it is an invaluable article, and something that every person should have who is subject to Rheumatism.

Very respectfully, &c.,
JUDGE SAM'L R. WETHERBEE,
Late of Virginia City.
San Francisco, Feb. 19, 1866.

MR. HEALY—Dear Sir: I have used your Liniment for the cure of Rheumatism, and can cordially recommend it as a most invaluable remedy for that painful complaint.
Feb. 24, 1866. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT.

For sale, Wholesale, by SAMUEL ADAMS, Druggist, San Francisco.
And at Retail, by D. W. STRONG, Dutch Flat.
ap14-3m

A VERY UNCOMMON BIBLE READER.

MR. EDITOR:—It is quite uncommon for readers of the Bible to manifest a total want of candor and common honesty. I go to the pains of laying before your readers what Everett—a representative man in the world of letters and an ornament to our country—actually did say of Washington's profanity in his article prepared for that great National work the New American Cyclopedia. I return to this subject that I may show my readers the utterly reckless garbling and misrepresentation to which this self-styled Bible Reader resorts in the praiseworthy attempt, outrage, common decency and corrupt public morals by slandering the character of that noble specimen of a true man, and wise, generous and great statesman, GEORGE WASHINGTON. The more I examine this matter the greater is my astonishment at the hardihood of this daring slanderer. I confess that the following line from Macauley's *Lays of Ancient Rome* continually recurs to my mind:

"For never was a Claudius yet brave against aught but shame!"

HIS EXCUSE.

He seems constrained to offer an excuse for this inexcusable assault on Washington's noble and unblemished character, and, in doing so, he utters some stale platitudes about the nation's extreme danger of "*man-worship*," and this, too, so soon after our humiliating attempt in the case of that *political general*, whom he styles "the worthless ninny, McClellan!" But we *began* our career with this dreadful idol, Washington and have survived quite hard on to a century, and he himself only claims that "once or twice already" have we been in danger. But what danger threatens? Mark his own words: "*Corrupt and interested parties.*" Who control these great national parties? *Politicians!* But who lead reforms? *Politicians! Politicians* will ruin us and *politicians* will save the nation, if these troublesome ministers will meekly follow, though he says: "It ought to be the business of ministers to lead in this political reform!" Oh! consistency thou *art* a jewel! Instead of following this vagrant political Will-o'-the-wisp, I agree with the great historian and wise statesman, Macauley, whose writings I would recommend as profitable and safe reading for our promising young political essayist of the Bible Reader disguise. In closing his immortal essay on Milton, after passing the highest eulogy on this illustrious poet and statesman, the calm, wise, large-minded Macauley says, Es. p. 19, referring to his emotions as he contemplates this great man:

"These are perhaps foolish feelings. Yet we cannot be ashamed of them; nor shall we be sorry if what we have written shall in any degree excite them in other minds. We are much in the habit of idolizing either the living or the dead. And we think that there is no more certain indication of a weak and ill-regulated intellect than that propensity which, for want of a better name, we will venture to christen Boswellism. But there are a few characters which have stood the closest scrutiny and the severest tests, which have been tried in the furnace and have proved pure, which have been weighed in the balance and have not been found wanting, which have been declared sterling by the general consent of mankind, and which are visibly stamped with the image and superscription of the Most High. These great men we trust that we know how to prize: and of these was Milton," &c.

Such, also, my reader, was WASHINGTON, and such was LINCOLN. Will it be necessary to blast the sacred character of these pure patriots and sublimely great men in order to save the nation from ruin, led there by *reforming* (!) politicians?

How dare this writer at this day, in an American newspaper, venture thus wantonly to traduce the character of Washington, and then impudently and coolly say that he does it "*with entire indifference as to what may be the opinion of others!*"

Below is the extract to which I refer. It is taken from a great National Cyclopedia of eighteen large octavo volumes, which, with the five volumes of Irving, the invaluable works of Chief Justice Marshall, of Bancroft, of Sparks, of Lossing, must all be set aside with a sneer as "school-boy histories and Fourth of July orations," that we may take this pure-minded, conscientious, trustworthy politician's *own version* of the traditionary scandal concerning Washington, which he, with unusual aptitude for scenting out scandal and "more than ordinary opportunities" for gratifying his taste for it, delights in casting out that lovely and venerable character:

"A position like that of Commander-in-Chief, sustained during all the vicissitudes of a seven years' war, could hardly fail to call out every variety of qualification and every shade of character on the part of the commander. It is accordingly remarkable that on one point at least some shade of doubt surrounds the traditions of Washington. He is usually accepted, at home and abroad, as a model of circumspection and prudence in word and deed. A most voluminous correspondence, official and private, may be searched in vain for a burst of passion. Habitual decorum and unfailing self-respect drew around him a charmed circle, as much as around any man that ever lived. The most audacious self-conceit and the most stolid impudence qualified in his presence. But in strange contradiction with these acknowledged habits and character, one or two floating traditions make him guilty on occasion of uncontrolable bursts of temper and strange violations of propriety. It is satisfactory to find that the most current of these anecdotes shrink into narrow dimensions under the sifting of historical criticism. Thus it is said that when, in the morning at Monmouth, he encountered Lee in full retreat, he was not only betrayed into an ungovernable fit of passion, but accosted that officer who stood next to himself in command, as a 'damned poltroon.' This has been stated, on the supposed authority of Lafayette 'relating the circumstance to Gov. Tompkins in 1824,' and adding: 'This was the only time I ever heard Gen. Washington swear.' To every one who has studied the life and character of Washington this anecdote carries intrinsic improbability on its face. It is not in keeping with anything in his writings or with the traditions of his conversation. It is in the highest degree improbable that a person, capable of using such an expression once, should not, in seven years of intimate and confidential intercourse with a trusted friend and brother officer, have been heard to use it more than once. Lafayette, in his sworn evidence before the court-martial, testifies to nothing of the kind; and a familiar conversation repeated at second-hand, after a lapse of 46 years, surely can weigh nothing against sworn testimony at the time. The writer has been informed by Mr. Sparks that Gen. Lafayette, in giving him a detailed account of the affair at Monmouth, made no mention of such language. Gen. Lee, in his angry and disrespectful letter of July 1 (June 29), 1778, to Gen. Washington, which was among the causes of his arrest and trial, makes no mention of profane language or opprobrious epithets. He speaks only of 'singular expressions,' which 'implied that I was guilty of disobedience of orders, want of conduct, or want of courage.' Is this the manner in which a major-general would speak of the blasting epithet affirmed by the anecdote? Washington, in his reply the next day, and when the supposed rage of the moment had had time to cool, says: 'I am not conscious of having made use of any very singular expressions at the time of meeting you, as you intimate. What I recollect to have said was dictated by duty and warranted by the occasion.' Finally, though of course it was the object of Gen. Lee, through his witnesses, to make out as strong a provocation as possible, in order to palliate the offence of writing the letter, which was the specification to support the charge of 'disrespect to the commander-in-chief,' not one of those witnesses affords the least countenance to this anecdote. Lee himself, in his defence before the court-martial, reported no doubt with accuracy the words used by Washington. 'When I arrived,' says he, 'first in his presence, conscious of having done nothing that could draw upon me the least censure, but rather flattering myself with his congratulation and applause, I confess I was disconcerted, astonished, and confounded by the words and manner in which his excellency accosted me. It was so novel and unexpected from a man whose discretion, humanity, and decorum I had, from the first of our acquaintance, stood in admiration of, that I was for some time unable to make any coherent answer to questions so abrupt, and in a great measure to me unintelligible. The terms I think were these: 'I desire to know, sir, what is the reason whence arises this disorder and confussion?' These words, rapidly repeated, and in a tone expressing disappointment and indignation, were no doubt the words used by Washington."

* * * * * * * *

"The disasterous defeat under St. Clair in 1791, has furnished the subject of an anecdote (narrated at length in Mr. Irving's 'Life of Washington,' vol. v. p. 191) relative to a supposed ebullition of passion on the part of President Washington on the receipt of the disastrous intelligence, not unlike that which we have already examined in relation to the encounter of Washington with Lee at Monmouth, and obnoxious like that to the gravest suspicions of inaccuracy and exaggeration. The limits of this article do not permit a detailed criticism of the anecdote in question, which rests upon the authority of the sole witness of the supposed scene, but is related with considerable circumstantial diversity by those to whom he repeated it, and carries on the face, in more than one respect, strong marks of improbability."

* * * * * * * *

As I propose to close this discussion in one or two more papers, since my opponent has withdrawn, I will pass over interesting and important topics, on which I have already prepared myself to write, having the history selected and marked, being quite content merely to contradict his assertions and give my own statement instead. Whether his assertions are more reliable than mine, my readers are abundantly able to judge! He asserts that "ministers never lead in reforms." I deny his assertion and pronounce it totally at variance with all history, for it would only require the time and space to state the facts of the case TO PROVE that hardly a solitary moral reform has taken place in human society in nearly two centuries which was not *begun and carried forward by Ministers of the Gospel*. Christ himself set the example, and all true ministers of His have followed his example through more than fifty generations. See what was done by Paul alone! The world will never grow so wise as not to be amazed at the results of his labors. I pass over names that eight, ten, twelve, fourteen, sixteen centuries have failed to obliterate, or even dim their luster, and that will be held in admiration a thousand years after this writer and I are lost in undisturbed oblivion, an Athanasius, an Augustine, a Bernard, a Savonarola, to ask who was John Huss, Martin Luther, John Knox and John Robinson? The bare mention of their names will recall to my readers the sublimest reformations, attended with the most glorious results that the world has ever seen, *and these men were all Priests or Ministers of the Gospel*. Liberty has found its only trustworthy friend in the Christian religion, and the work of the churches has ever been undertaken and directed by their ministers. No facts are better known than these. When reform has come, it has come from within the church, and not from without. But it is not claimed that Christianity has any where completed its work, a work so great and grand that its best results only hint at what is yet to be done by it.

It may be objected by some smart observer, but shallow reasoner, that all reforms have met with greater or less opposition from the church, especially from the Roman Catholic Church. But what of that? The work of reform in each case was begun by some one or ones most under the influence of true religion, a Savonarola, a Huss, a Luther and was opposed by a Borgia or a besotted clergy unworthy the name and as little influenced by real religion as any infidel or sceptic, who, in is his own name or that of Bible Reader, or under any other mask, adroitly seeks to weaken its hold on the world and thus provide for its overthrow.

A recent writer most truthfully says that Christianity is "a system that ever reforms itself; that rejects the doings of its own agents, and takes to itself new retainers; that rebukes the wrongs done in its name, and allies itself afresh to knowledge and civilization. Each successive hierachy that has deserted the Gospel, has in turn been deserted by the the Gospel, *and the attack which has proved its final overthrow has been urged by religion!*"

At this point I may refer in a few words to Bible Beader's, alias Sceptic's, implied charge that the ministers of the Gospel are disposed to be intolerant and love persecution. He could not pen a greater libel, though no doubt he sins ignorantly, having been led astray by Buckle. What are the facts of the case? Was tyranny unknown until a tyrant assumed the name of Pope, Bishop, Priest or clergyman? Has this libeller of ministers never heard of Socrates and his cup of hemlock, of the tyrant of Syracuse and his victims, and of bloody Nero? *It is human nature that leads to persecution, and it is only where Ministers of the Gospel have had influence enough to prevent it, that it has ceased or ever will cease.* This truth cannot be overthrown!

This explains the fate of Servetus. He was a French physician and polenical writer, born in 1509, in Arragon, was educated at Toulouse, published several sceptical works and was, in 1553, burnt at the stake for heresy. But what was the age in which he lived? Can we measure it by our own? For centuries before the death of Servetus, all heresy, political, scientific and religious had been thus punished. *But Servetus was among the last victims of misdirected religious zeal*, while more than a century later politicians put politicians to death for political heresy! Men of narrow souls and little minds now sneer at Calvin, whose very sneer, *in our day*, manifests a worse spirit *and more intolerance*, than the worst and most intolerant thing Calvin did in all his long and wonderful career, if we consider the age in which he lived. These very libellers of Calvin owe as much to him as to any uninspired man that ever trod the earth! Luther, Calvin and Knox need no apology from me. I prefer Macauley's estimate of them to the supercilious fling of the smart writer whose sense of honor still permits him to wear the name of Bible Reader; he says: "Their one great object was the demolition of idols and the purification of the sanctuary. If they set the lives of others at naught in comparison of their doctrines, they were equally ready to throw away their own." Religious freedom has come to the world by very slow and painful steps. That these men did not fully understand it in that period of transition from medieval darkness, may seem to demand sneers from smart politicians in making appeals to excite vulgar prejudice against an opponent, but it only reveals his utter lack of candor and betrays the narrowness of his mind. It may be very smart in our day to sneer at these wonderful reformers for a single mistake, but as Macauley says;

"Even so great a reasoner as Lord Bacon thought that uniformity in religion was absolutely necessary to the support of government, and that no toleration could with safety be given to sectaries." * * *

"In all former ages, not wholly excepting even those of Greece and Rome, religious sects, and heresies, and schisms had been esteemed dangerous, if not pernicious, to civil governments, and were regarded as the source of faction, and private combination and opposition to law. The magistrate, therefore, applied himself directly to the cure of this evil, as of every other; and very naturally attempted, by penal statutes, to suppress those separate communities, and punish the obstinate innovators." * * *

MINISTERS ON TEMPERANCE.

At this point I may properly refer briefly to the part taken by Ministers in Temperance Reformation. I will quote from the history of Connecticut as a fair sample of the other New England States. The opening paragraphs are all I can find room for, and they are sufficient to show that *Ministers of the Gospel began the great Temperance reform when all around them were given over to blind indulgence in strong drink!* Please read the following:

Temperance Reform in Connecticut.

"As in the dawn of morning it is difficult to determine which ray of light is first in the work of illumination, so in a great social and moral reform, it is often impossible to decide who first aroused the community to a sense of the existing evil, or first prompted in turning back the tide of desolation. Both Massachusetts and Connecticut may well contend for precedence in the temperance movement; and among the good men of Connecticut who early bewailed the ravages of the destroyer, we may never know which first of all cried, 'How long, O Lord, holy and true! Cannot the plague be stayed?' but certain it is that no impression had before been made upon the public mind like that produced by a sermon preached by Rev. Ebenezer Porter, of Washington, Litchfield county, in the winter of 1806, on the discovery of a man lying dead in the snow, with a bottle of spirits at his side. The discourse was entitled 'Fatal Effects of Ardent Spirits.' Text, Isaiah v. 11. 'Woe to them that rise up early,' &c. After describing the sin, intemperance, in all its bearings, showing that it destroyed industry and health; produced poverty; imparted reason; unfitted men for all the duties and comforts of life; led to gaming, swearing, falsehearing, extinguishing the best sensibilities of the heart and producing a miserable death, the preacher made a solemn appeal to various classes, inquiring, What is to be done? He computed that one in every fifteen of all the deaths in the year was caused by the use of ardent spirits. No man in Connecticut had ever fallen in a duel, but thousands had fallen by strong drink.

"The sermon was printed and widely circulated, and was afterwards adopted as one of the permanent tracts of the American Tract Society.

"The condition of the country at that time was very alarming. In a note attached to Mr. Porter's sermon, it was stated officially, that 7,641,207 gallons of foreign spirits and 2,604,207 gallons of wine, paying duties of more than three millions of dollars, were introduced annually to the United States; that the number of distillers was 30,000, and that the spirits consumed would load 100,000 wagons, which in compact order, would extend 1,000 miles; and that the annual expense of it all, if paid in silver, would exceed 600 tons of dollars."

* * * * * * * *

"As early as 1789, twenty of the leading citizens of Litchfield, had combined in a resistance to the universal custom of furnishing laborers with strong drink, and yet none that we know of, commenced a work of reform in their own persons or households. Excommunications were frequent for drunkenness, and yet no church action was known to reach its cause. Roused by the sermon of Porter, the South Association of the county appointed a committee to inquire into the extent of the growing evil and report a remedy."

* * * * * * * *

On the inside of this paper I propose to look into the part taken by ministers and politicians in the Anti-Slavery Reform, as well as into the position of ministers during the Revolutionary War.

In very great haste, yours, &c.,
J. A JOHNSON.
April 16, 1866.

IMPORTANT TO SECRETARIES.

AN ACT CONCERNING ASSESSMENTS UPON THE STOCK OF CORPORATIONS.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Trustees of any corporation, formed under the general laws of this State, shall have power to levy and collect, for the purpose of paying the proper and legal expenses of such corporation, assessments upon the capital stock thereof, in the manner and form and to the extent hereinafter provided, and not otherwise.

Sec. 2. No one assessment shall exceed five per cent. of the stated amount of the capital stock of the corporation, named in the articles of incorporation, and none shall be levied while any portion of any previous assessment shall remain unpaid, or uncollected, except in cases where all the powers of the corporation shall have been exercised in accordance with the terms of this act, for the purpose of collecting such previous assessment, and except, also, the collection of a previous assessment against one or more stockholders, restrained by injunction or otherwise; in which case, further assessment may be levied and collected according to this act.

Sec. 3. No assessment shall be levied except by order of the Board of Trustees, concurred in by a majority of said Board, and entered upon the records of the corporation.

Sec. 4. Every order levying an assessment shall specify the amount thereof and the time when the person or persons to whom and the place or places where the same is payable. It shall also appoint a day subsequent to the full term of publication of the assessment notice on which the stock upon which assessments remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, which said day shall not be less than thirty, nor more than sixty days, from the time of the making of the said order levying the assessment, and a day for the sale of delinquent stock, which shall not be less than fifteen, nor more than sixty days from the time appointed for declaring said stock delinquent.

Sec. 5. Upon the making of such an order, the Secretary shall cause to be published immediately a notice thereof in the following form:

"[Name in full] [Location of works.] Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held on the [date] an assessment of [amount] per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable [when, to whom, and where, particularly.] Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the [day fixed] shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the [day appointed] to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. [Signature of the Secretary, with particular location of office.]"

Sec. 6. Said notice shall be published once each week for four successive weeks in some daily or weekly paper published at the place designated in the articles of corporation as the principal place of business of the corporation, and also in some paper published in the county in which the works of the corporation are situated, if a paper be published therein; *provided*, that if the works of the corporation are not situated within some State or Territory of the United States, then publication in a paper of the county shall not be necessary; *provided, also*, that if there is no newspaper published at the place designated as the principal place of business of the corporation, then the publication shall be made in the newspaper published nearest thereto; and *provided, also*, that the notice specified in the 5th section of this act may be served by delivering a copy thereof, certified by the Secretary, to each stockholder personally, and in case of such service upon all the stockholders of said corporation, then no notice by publication shall be necessary and such personal notice shall be deemed complete.

Sec. 7. If any portion of the assessment mentioned in said notice shall remain unpaid on the day specified therein for declaring the stock delinquent, the Secretary shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Trustees, cause to be published in the same papers in which the notice provided for in Section 5 shall have been published, a notice substantially in the following form:

"[Name in full. Location of works.] Notice. There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the [date,] [and assessments levied previous thereto, if any,] the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows: [Names, number of certificate, number of shares, amount.] And in accordance with law, [and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the [date,] [if any such order shall have been made,] so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the [particular place,] on the [date] at [the hour] of said day, to pay said delinquent assessments thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. [Name of Secretary, with particular location of office.]"

Sec. 8. Said last mentioned notice shall state every certificate of stock with the number of shares which it represents, and the amount due thereon, separately, except where certificates may not have been issued to parties entitled thereto, in which case the number of shares and amount due thereon, together with the fact that the certificates for such shares have not been issued shall be stated.

Sec. 9. Said notice, when published in a daily or weekly paper, or in both, shall be published as follows: "When published in a daily paper, the same shall be published for a period of ten days, excluding Sundays and holidays previous to the day of sale. When published in a weekly paper, the same shall be published for two weeks previous to the day of sale. The first publication of all delinquent sales shall be at least fifteen days prior to the day of sale.

Sec. 10. By the publication of the said notices, as hereinbefore provided, the corporation shall acquire jurisdiction to sell and convey a full, complete, perfect and absolute title to all of the stock described in the notice of sale upon which any portion of the assessment or costs of advertising shall remain unpaid at the hour of pointed for the sale, but shall sell no more of such stock than is necessary to pay the assessments due and costs of sale.

Sec. 11. On the day and at the place, and as nearly as may be at the hour appointed in the notice of sale, the Secretary, who is hereby fully empowered and authorized, shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Trustees sell, or cause to be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, so many shares of each parcel of said described stock as may be necessary to pay the assessment and charges thereon; according to the terms of said notice of sale; *provided*, that if payment be made before the time fixed for sale, the party paying shall only be required to pay the actual cost of advertising.

Sec. 12. The person offering at such sale to pay the assessment and costs for the smallest number of shares, or fraction of a share, shall be deemed the highest bidder.

Sec. 13. If, at the sale of any stock under the foregoing provisions of this Act, no bidder shall offer to take and purchase the same for the amount of the assessments, and costs and charges then due upon the same, then and in such case the same may be purchased and bid in by the company or corporation, through the Secretary or President, or any Director or Trustee thereof, at a sum equal to the amount of the assessments, costs, and charges due upon the same; and in pursuance and by virtue of such purchase, the said assessments, costs and charges shall be credited as satisfied and paid in full, on the books of said corporation and entry of the transfer of such stock to such corporation, in pursuance of such sale and purchase shall be made on the books of said corporation. While such stock shall remain the property of such corporation, the same shall not be assessable, nor shall any dividends be declared upon the same; but all assessments and dividends shall be apportioned upon and against the other stock of such company not owned by such corporation. All purchases of its own stock made by any corporation, in accordance with the provisions of this section, shall be held valid, and as vesting the legal title to the same in said corporation; and the stock so purchased shall be held subject to the control of the remaining stockholders, who may make such disposition of the same as they may deem fit, in accordance with the by-laws of the corporation or vote of a majority of all the remaining shares. Whenever any portion of the capital stock of any corporation is held by the said incorporation by purchase as aforesaid, a majority of the remaining shares of stock in said corporate company for all purposes of election or voting on any question before a stockholders' meeting.

Sec. 14. The time or dates fixed in any notice of assessment or notice of delinquent sale, published according to the provisions of this act, may be once extended for a period of not more than thirty days, by order of the Board of Trustees, duly made and entered on the records of the corporation, but no order for extending the time for the performance of any act specified in any notice shall be effectual unless notice of such extension or postponement be appended to and published with the notice to which [the] order relates.

Sec. 15. No assessment duly levied shall be rendered invalid by a failure to make proper publication of the notices hereinbefore provided for, nor by the non-performance of any act required to be performed in order to enforce the payment of the same; but in case of any substantial error or omission in the course of proceedings, except the levying of the assessment, shall be void, and publication shall be begun anew.

Sec. 16. No action shall be sustained to recover any stock, or invalidate the sale of any stock for delinquent assessments, upon the ground of any irregularity in making the assessment, or for any irregularity in or defect of the notice of such sale, or for any defect or irregularity in the sale, unless the party seeking to maintain such action shall first pay or tender *to the corporation or the party holding such stock so sold*, the sum for which the same was sold, together with all subsequent assessments which may have been paid thereon, and interest on such sums from the time they were paid; and no such action shall be sustained unless the same shall be commenced by the filing of a complaint and the issuance of a summons thereon within six months after such sale shall have been made.

Sec. 17. "An Act Concerning Assessments upon the Stock of Corporations," approved April 4th, 1864, and all Acts and parts of Acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed; *provided*, that such repeal shall not affect proceedings commenced for the collection of assesments heretofore levied, but all such assessments may be collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws then in force.

Sec. 18. This Act shall take effect immediately.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1866

Now, by St. Paul, the work goes bravely on,
The Stars and Stripes are up for Liberty,
Flag of the Nation—Talisman of the Free,
Ours'd be the hand that dares to pull thee down.

TERRIBLE EXPOSION.—A terrible explosion occurred at Camp 9, on the line of C. P. Railroad, just below Gold Run, on Tuesday last, killing two white men and five Chinamen. We have been unable to learn any of the particulars as to the cause of the fatal calamity, further than it is supposed to have been the result of carelessness on the part of the foreman, one of the number killed. It seems to be customary with foremen along the railroad to try the material to be blasted with a few pounds of powder previous to the regular charge which not unfrequently reaches seven and eight kegs. This is supposed to have been the mode of procedure in the instance resulting so disastrously, and that the main charge was negligently deposited before the fuse used in the trying process had been extinguished.

LAND SLIDE.—A huge land slide occurred a few days since near Buckley's ranch, just above this place, on the line of the C. P. Railroad, damaging the ditches of the Dutch Flat Water Company to the amount of several thousand dollars, and rendering a change of the railroad bed necessary, which will also cost an immense sum. Nearly a quarter section, extending along a heavy fill of the railroad several hundred yards, suddenly gave way and moved off in a solid body, taking with it ditches, flumes and everything else that obstructed its course, and making a change from the original survey of the railroad at that point imperative. The material that gave way, it seems, was of a soapy or pipe clay formation, and the pressure from the railroad fill is assigned as the cause.

MITE SOCIETY.—It becomes our painful duty to say that the "Mites" are no more. That the places where "most they did congregate" will know them no more for the next six months. In other words, they have given their last entertainment for the season. The last meeting was a brilliant affair, conducive of much genuine pleasure, and reflected great credit on those who control the destinies of the society. The organization is not defunct, but "sleepeth" until next winter.

FOOT-PAD ARRESTED.—Constable Greeley of this place, arrested a man named Ennis on Monday last, for highway robbery. The circumstances as we learn them are as follows: On Sunday last Ennis entered a cabin at Blue Bluff, occupied by a blacksmith in the employ of the Pacific Railroad company, and with pistol in hand demanded his money or blood. The blacksmith finding himself in rather an unpleasant situation, immediately complied with the gentle request of his unwelcome visitor. Ennis was taken before Justice E. Aubury, examined, and committed to jail to await the action of the next grand jury.

THEATER.—Mr. George H. Edmonds, the pleasing and accomplished violinist, whose delightful performances entranced our citizens on former occasions, will take a complimentary benefit at the theater to-night, on which occasion Mrs. Dramer will perform some of her best dances, and Mr. Everett, as usual, will excite the risibilities of the people. Give him a good house.

THE ASSEMBLY.—We acknowledge the receipt of a lithographic picture of the members of the last Assembly, by E. Jump. The likenesses are well executed, and can be readily recognized by those at all familiar with the countenances of the members. The lobbyites are also there in bold relief, and any one who in former times visited the capital cannot help noticing Sam. Brannan, Zeke Wilson, Strattan, and other notables, in their accustomed places.

BEADLE'S MONTHLY.—We are not in the habit of praising indiscriminately works that are constantly coming to us, and have therefore refrained from noticing all, except such as we have found, after examination, to be worthy; among this number we cheerfully place Beadle's Monthly, a Magazine of To-day, in the front rank of literary merit. It should occupy a place in every parlor in the land. It is an instructor to youth, and an agreeable companion for the middle aged. It can be obtained from the news agents of San Francisco.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—A Good Templar Lodge was organized in this place last week with thirty-two charter members. The following are the officers elected to serve the first quarter:

E. Towle, W. C. T.; Mrs. Garouette, W. V. C. T.; Frank. Pedler, Secretary; Mr. Lane, W. F. S.; Mrs. Pitman, Treasurer; I. Coffin, Marshal; Mrs. Moulter, W. I. G.; Edward Walker, W. O. G.

COPPER.—Mr. John Thorp, the proprietor of the Hermitage ranch, on the Grass Valley and Colfax road, has recently discovered what is thought to be a very rich copper vein. Good assays were obtained at Nevada, and interested parties have shipped a quantity of the ore to San Francisco to have it more thoroughly tested. Considerable excitement has been created, and numerous parties attracted to the scene of the discovery; from one of whom, we learn, that all the "extensions" for miles around have been located.

BALL AT BEAR VALLEY.—We are authorized to announce that M. E. O. Thompkins, of Bear Valley, will give a grand social ball on Tuesday night, May the 1st, to which a general invitation is extended. Mr. T. knows how to do the agreeable, and we predict a pleasant time for all who may be fortunate enough to attend.

WE notice that Mr. Isaac Coffin has been engaged the past week overhauling and repairing the pipe supplying our city with water. Much of it (the pipe) was found in a damaged condition.

GRAND BALL AT GOLD RUN.—A grand ball will be given by the citizens of Gold Run on the 1st of May. Extensive preparations have been made and a happy time may be expected.

D. O. MCCARTHY has retired from the San Francisco American *Flag*. That paper will be conducted hereafter by persons selected by a board of trustees, Mr. McCarthy acting as soliciting agent.

WE have frequently noticed the rare occurrence of persons receiving proper credit for meritorious actions performed, but never until recently (probably owing to not having performed a multiplicity of brilliant exploits in that line heretofore) did we experience the humiliation of having our noble deeds wrested from us by one who pretends to be able to appreciate high-minded and valorous service in the cause of one's country. When we exploded the magazine previously prepared, under the feet of that common enemy and traitor, the editor of the *Call*, tearing him all to "smithereens," silencing his batteries, and effectually slaughtering his entire forces, expecting to receive the acknowledgements of a grateful people, a thousand or two letters requesting our autograph, and several congratulatory epistles from the leading abolitionists of the country for the good effected by our broadside, when that fellow of the *Stars and Stripes* (he is continually poking around) becomes jealous of our growing popularity, goes to Sacramento and enters into coalition with some of the enemy's stragglers for the purpose of resurrecting the traitor we had so signally defeated, that our fame might be dimmed, and that he of the *Stripes* might eventually gain the laurels of our achievements by bringing into camp this "dead duck!" But the thing won't resurrect, not much; and your batteries are employed in vain; *we* gave that fellow his quietus, and only waited until we recovered somewhat from the fatigue incidental to the accomplishment of such an undertaking, prior to commencing an assault on your neighbor, when we find you giving aid (not comfort) to the enemy. Then you call us poor! Was anything ever as impudent as that? It makes us boil to think of it, and is humiliating to know that we are really guilty from the fact that we are not the "County official press," and that we don't get more than half the official printing, and don't print more than double as many papers each issue than he does, and consequently don't offer such "superior inducements" to advertisers as he does, which conduces to make, and keep us poor, while he is wallowing in riches, "wearing fine linen and faring sumptuously every day!" Then he informs his squad of readers that we have "eschewed politics and surrendered our columns to couple of garrulous old ladies." Now, if that fellow knew his danger he would immediately quit the country! Were we to hint this language to our correspondents they would immediately write and talk him to death, after which "his man Friday" would bake him into "flap-jacks." But we scorn to take such undue advantage of an aspiring young man. Begg's, if you will take back all you have said tending to resurrect the defunct *Call*, we'll forgive you, and take our chances of being "embalmed in the hearts of our countrymen." Allow us, before we close, however, to suggest the propriety of holding your head a *leetle* lower when you walk on K street, Sacramento. We know you are ambitious, but then in order to gratify such a commendable quality you should not risk breaking your neck. Adieu, friend; keep your feet warm and your *head* cool.

A PRESIDENT WITHOUT A PARTY.—President Johnson after alienating from his support all true Unionist by insulting their intelligence and loyalty with his "experiment" at reconstruction, wholesale pardon of "conscious rebels," and display of "dead duck" buffoonry on the 22d February, has neglected, as appears by a recent telegram, to manifest by a proper distribution of official patronage, the profound gratitude due the "g-r-e-a-t Democratic" party who had temporarily adopted him as their own, when forsooth, he is in turn repudiated by that aristocratic, States-Rights Constitutional (?) organization, so it may now be said that he is a President without a party.

MINING AT YOU BET, RED DOG AND GOUGE-EYE.—We paid that portion of Nevada county, designated by the classic titles above, a hasty visit during the present week. We noticed much activity among miners, and were informed that claims were being worked with better results this season than at any other period for many years. The cement, or what is commonly termed Blue Lead, is the big thing of that locality. Along this deposit, commencing a short distance north of Red Dog, and extending southeasterly a distance of some three miles, thirteen mills are in operation, and all yield the most gratifying results. Among the most prominent mines of the district are those owned by Neece & West and the Brown Brothers, the former paying on an average about $1,000 per day, and the latter from six to eight hundred. We were shown through a very fine steam-mill, just completed and started up a short time ago, belonging to Messrs. Cozzens & Garber. This mill has two batteries of five stamps each, and a capacity for reducing about seventy-five tons per day, the average yield, of which, is from two to three hundred dollars. Taken upon the whole, the celebrated Blue Lead, is to that district and Nevada county generally, what the Comstock Lead is to the State of Nevada. Most of the little towns we visited—especially You Bet—have an air of business and bustle that denotes general prosperity among the citizens. Our thanks are due Capt. G. H. Atkins, who is an affable gentleman, merchant and registered voter of You Bet, for courtesies extended, while sojourning at that place.

RELEASED.—The President is continuing his plan of reconstruction. Clement C. Clay, of Ala., for whose apprehension President Johnson offered a reward as being implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln, was released from Fortress Monroe on the 26th instant, on parole. Mr. Johnson is getting very credulous. This, however, is one of the means by which he intends to reconstruct the rebels.

THE MINER.—This is the name of a new paper now published in San Francisco under the auspices of the California Mining Bureau Association, and is devoted to the mining interest on the Pacific coast. It is a quarto work, and each number is filled with interesting matter to those engaged in this important branch of industry.

SUMMIT CITY.—We learn by a gentleman just from Meadow Lake City yesterday morning, that the snow at that place measured six feet, but was melting rapidly, and that with the present favorable weather it was thoughts that the roads would passable in about three weeks.—He says it is entirely too soon for persons to go with a prospect of prosecuting business.

BIBLE READER'S COLLAPSE.

MR. EDITOR:—It is a rare sight, even in a newspaper debate, to see a writer so inflated with bombast, and so fully persuaded that he can "rifelt," "pulverize" or demolish his opponent, without a moment's warning, and without remedy, as your readers have just witnessed in the tenderly truthful, and scrupulously accurate writer who has lately distinguished (extinguished?) himself in your columns over the remarkably *appropriate* name of BIBLE READER! Really, such a sight is refreshing! But, Mr. Editor, that last essay, that final struggle, that paroxism of dispair, that wild manner, that moaning gasp! oh, it is pathetic, it is sad, it is tearful! But, the case grows more touching, to see this boasting, loud talking, self-confident writer of strong assertions, attempt to keep up heart and brace himself for the final encounter! He grasps his pen, dashes it upon a fine sheet of Supreme Court paper, spelling, no doubt, even *worse* than usual, and after a mortal struggle, *he writes his last*, and with a reproachful look and a dismal shake of the head, and pointing threateningly to his "Man Friday," with some painful contortions of his handsome features, and one or two convulsive movements, the Hon. Office-holder passes into that state appropriately termed a collapse!

Here I am reminded, Mr. Editor, that it is unseemly and "unmanly to strike a fallen foe!" I will certainly not do that, though I must confess that I have, like the doctors, decided that such an usual case mortality demands, in the interests of science, a post mortem examination, which I propose to make, and will lay the results of the examination before your readers next week. In the meantime, as it is befitting we should, let us, with becoming grief, with averted faces, and in subdued tones, examine his last will and testament:

Item 1.—He bequeaths to me a charge that I have lost my temper during the discussion which brought on his late sudden collapse.

My answer stands in the next column, just beside his charge.

Item 2.—He confirms the report that he regarded me as uncharitable, and kindly refers me to the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians, even taking pains to borrow a concordance of Rev. Mr. Peck, to find the place for me!

Providence (the late Hon. would have had me say Fate,) so ordered it that my answer to that item stands in the next column, also.

Item 3.—He bequeaths a parting sneer at my "four mortal columns of breezy prose." Here it is evident he began to grow "flighty" and get a little "out of his head," which must have been a relief to his head!

Why, reader, three of those four columns were extracts from Hume's History of England, Irving's Life of Washington and Jefferson's writings! As all these writers are protected from his sneer by the turf on their honored graves, I will not attempt to defend them. As to myself, I can only say that I am a little puzzled to know what he means by "breezy prose." He evidently meant it as a fling; but breezy has no such meaning. In warm weather a breeze is very agreeable; but in a sinking state, no doubt, it has a chilling effect. But a cold breeze at such a time is certain death! Perhaps the sequel shows what he means.

Item 4.—He rails at my sermons, (many of which he has heretofore praised, one of which was published in the ENQUIRER at his and others' request,) and thinks "they must illustrate what St. Paul so wittily calls the foolishness of preaching," which is another instance of his candor and his *knowledge* of the Great Apostle! Pity he had not used his concordance here, too, and saved himself another blunder concerning the teachings of the Great Apostle! But it only proves the proverb true, "The ruling passion strong in death!"

Item 5.—He hands me over to his "Man Friday," who "feels fully competent to detect and expose" my "flimsy and ridiculous pettifogging" in quoting the history which he misrepresented so unscrupulously concerning Runnemede, Washington's profanity, &c. If "Friday" is as successful as his master in torturing the plain teachings of history, it may amuse your intelligent readers, but I submit that I have demonstrated his master's utter lack of capacity for telling the truth, and I hope I may not be guilty of the stupidity of wasting attention on the satellite. The master has resorted to the cheap expedient of crying "Stop thief!" in order to divert attention from himself. If he was unable to tell the truth, no body can doubt his astonishing capacity for slander, false accusation and for misquoting anything, even to familiar passages in the Bible! I have no reply to make to "Friday," except to ask such readers as wish it to read the history in question for themselves.

Item 6.—He says that "in substance" I called Jefferson "an overestimated scoundrel!" Astonishing! Is that his idea of a "scoundrel?" Will my readers have the goodness to read what I did say concerning Jefferson? He seems to have regarded the Bible almost exactly like the Hon. Collapsed! He, too, "dismissed with contempt" its plainest teachings, and quoted it just about as accurately as the Hon. Political Collapse has done! Scoundrel, eh? He then welcomes me to his parting embrace. I decline! Voltaire, Paine, Jefferson, Renan, Bible Reader! Excuse me!

Item 7.—He bequeaths to us a new method of getting out of a tight place. PROOF stronger than his word or HIS version of *traditionary scandal* was demanded of him for his bold and seemingly conscienceless attempt to blacken the fair and revered character of Washington. The week after I made this demand he *proved* (?) Washington "the MOST *profane* man of his time," by setting aside all the written testimony concerning him, written by those who *knew* of what they wrote and who told the *truth* in regard to other things, and, in the place of such *written* and *positive* testimony, giving us *his unsupported version or report of the gossip of Washington's enemies set afloat in a time of bitter political strife*, in order to damage Washington's political prospects! Who can question such PROOF? But the matter is even worse than this. We are not only required by this pseudo Bible Reader to set aside such testimony to receive HIS account of such scandal, (though, to do this, the venerable Chief Justice Marshall, Sparks, Headly, Irving, Lossing, Bancroft, with others who have written either the biography of Washington or the History of the United States, whose united testimony concerning Washington's moral and religious character is exactly the same, all, all these writers must, as I have before remarked, be regarded as guilty of the monstrous dishonesty of trying to palm him off on the world as a worthy Christian, when in fact "*he was the most profane man of his time, and in his domestic relations was unfaithful to a faithful wife;*") but we are even required to take this veracious writer's tradition *told to suit himself!* and *thus* told in order to *prove his point* and a point on which *all other* proof failed him! This is his old method of proof. It is by such proof, referred to in a random kind of way, that he *establishes* his charge of Washington's unfaithfulness to his wife! That, I say, is his old method of proof, which he supplemented a fortnight since by saying, "I have deliberately come to the conclusion!"

[Here the Editor sends me word that my column is nearly full, and so we must take leave of this harrowing subject for a week.]

On the first page of the paper my readers will find something to interest them, as showing the rare honesty of the late Bible Reader. Other topics are put over till next week, when we expect to let this writer rest in peace.

In very great haste, yours, &c.,

J. A. JOHNSON.

April 21, 1866.

MR. JOHNSON AND BIBLE READER.

MR. EDITOR:—Some person writing under the name of "Bible Reader," stated in a former number of your paper that the *Great Charter* of English liberties was extorted from king and priest by the politicians or barons of England This proposition was disputed in the last number of the ENQUIRER, in terms not very dignified, by the Rev. J. A. Johnson of this place. I propose, very briefly, to examine this question and it will not be my fault, but the fault of history, if the result should prove somewhat discreditable to the clergyman referred to.

Before I come to the precise point, as to who procured the Great Charter, I desire to make one or two extracts, showing the character of the clergymen of that day, so that your thoughtful and candid readers can judge whether they were men capable or desirous of doing anything calculated to advance the liberties, civilization or enlightenment of their country or age. I quote from Hume, who, although he was as great an infidel as Strauss, Buckle, or Renan, seems to be good authority in the opinion of this consistent Dutch Flat divine. His authority is certainly sufficient for me. I quote:

"The clergy had extremely multiplied in England, and many of them were consequently of very low characters, crimes of the deepest dye—murders, robberies, adulteries, rapes—were *daily* committed with impunity by the ecclesiastics. It had been found, for instance, on inquiry, that not less than a hundred murders had, since the king's accession, been perpetrated by men of that profession, and holy orders *had become a full protection for all enormities.*" Vol. 1 p. 302.

Again I quote: "The ecclesiastics gave almost universally and avowedly into the use of concubinage; the custom was become so prevalent, that in some cantons of Switzerland, before the reformation, the laws not only permitted, but to avoid scandal, enjoined the use of concubines to the younger clergy. The bishop confined the priest to the use of *one woman.*" (Oh how cruel!) Vol. 1 p. 413. I quote again; "Many of the clergy, from the fear of punishment, obeyed the orders of John, (the king) and celebrated divine service, but they complied with reluctance and were regarded both by themselves *and the people as men who betrayed their principles and sacrificed their conscience* (I wonder if they had any) *to temporal regards and interests.*" p. 413.

I might quote more but the above is sufficient to show what a gross violation of decency and justice it is to compare, for a moment, these lecherous, unprincipled, and criminal priests to those brave, gallant, baronial politicians who "*alone,*" as I shall show, with sword in hand, extorted "from king and priest" the Great Charter of English liberties!

We now come to the question at issue between Mr. Johnson and Bible Reader. Who procured the Great Charter? It seems that about the year 1207 a quarrel arose between John, King of England, and Innocent III., Pope of Rome. While this quarrel was pending, a tricky and dishonest priest, by the name of *Langton*, who was born in England but who had always lived in France, was a subject of the French king, and held office under the French government, went down to Rome, and the Pope seeing that he would make a most serviceable tool in his quarrel with John, appointed him Archbishop of Canterbury, an office then vacant, and the second in power and dignity,—below the king—in all England. This appointment was made by the Pope in violation of the rights of the King, and contrary to the laws and customs of the country. When this "Frenchy" priest, Langton, came to demand his office, the King, of course, refused to recognize him, having already appointed a *gentleman* to the place by the name of Grey. When the virtuous (?) but Frenchy priest, Langton, found he could not take possession of his office—it was a fat one—a great storm arose, Langton, the priests and Pope on one side, and the King on the other. The contest raged for several years with varying success. John "in order to distress the clergy *in the tenderest point*, and at the same time expose them to ridicule and reproach, threw into prison *all their concubines* and required high fines as the price of their liberty." (Hume, Vol. 1, p. 413.) In return the Pope ex-communicated John, and laid his kingdom under an interdict, until finally the poor King "weakened," and the Pope, and Langton, and the priests triumphed. The terms to which the priests required John to submit were most infamous. They compelled him "to resign his kingdom to the church," p. 418, "to submit himself entirely to the judgment of the Pope," p. 418, "to hold his dominions as feudatory of the church of Rome and pay an annual tribute of a thousand marks!" p. 419. But above all he was compelled to acknowledge Langton as Archbishop of Canterbury. Thus this "Frenchy" priest had secured his fat office at the expense of the honor and independence of his native country! Meanwhile the King had committed many outrages upon the barons, and when he thus basely surrendered the independence of England to the Pope and to the priests, the barons became indignant; they boldly determined to preserve their own liberties if not the liberties of their country. Here again we see the infamous character of this priest Langton. After he had secured his office and been reconciled to the King, he pretended to be the King's friend and became one of his counselors, and yet he was all the while *secretly* urging on the barons against the King: he called them together at his place, under "*pretence of devotion,*" and privately urged them to rebel against John, *to whom he was a counselor and pretended friend!* By a preconcerted arrangement the *barons—not a priest among their number*—met together in London and going in a body to the King demanded that he should confirm to them all their ancient rights and privileges. The King answered that at the festival of Easter following he would give a definite answer to their petition. p. 425. This was between Christmas and New Year's-day, 1214. When the Chief Priest at Rome, heard of this he took sides with the King, of course, and used all his influence to prevent the granting of their rights and privileges to the barons. "He foresaw that if the administration should fall into the hands of those *gallant and high-spirited barons, they would vindicate the honor, liberty and independence of the nation.* Vol. 1, p. 426.

But the barons were not to be intimidated by king or priest. On the approach of Easter, 1215, they assembled, two thousand in number, *not a priest among them.* Elated with their power, they advanced to Brackly, fifteen miles from Oxford, where the king lived." p. 428. Here they were met by the scoundrel Langton who had been sent out by the king "desiring to know what those liberties were which they so zealously challenged from his sovereign." p. 428. Remember that this model and honest priest, Langton, was a counselor and *pretended friend* of the king, and affected not to know what the barons wanted, *when he himself had held secret meetings with them and urged them on to this very thing.* Model Priest! Honest Priest! Worthy to be eulogized by our indignant Dutch Flat divine! Well, Langton carried back to the king the terms which the barons demanded. The king was indignant; he swore as bad as Washington ever did, that he would never grant such terms. Then the gallant barons looked to their swords. They prepared for war. They organized and chose one of their number general. After some hostilities, the king was "obliged to submit at discretion." "A conference between the king and BARONS was appointed at Runnemede, a place which has ever since been celebrated on account of this great event. Here was signed and sealed the famous deed commonly called the Great Charter." p. 429. On the following page the historian we have followed says, "the barons ALONE drew and imposed on the prince this memorable charter." When the great priest at Rome heard what had been done he was "incensed at the barons who had *dared*, without his consent, to imposed such terms on a prince." p. 434.

My task is finished. I have shown that the great charter of English liberties was established in spite of kings and priests by the baronial politicians of England. I have shown that the only priest who assisted in securing the charter did so secretly and in violation of the most sacred obligations of honor and friendship! I have shown that this same priest, Langton, was guilty of public treason against his country to get an office, and afterwards was guilty of private treachery to preserve it! Is the Rev. J. A. Johnson satisfied with this? If not, let him assail some other one of Bible Reader's historical statements and he will find a person close upon his track, who has read as much history as ordinary ministers, and is pleased to sign himself "HIS MAN FRIDAY."

April 19, 1866.

SHERIFF'S ADVERTISING.—The *Union* of April 5th says: "It appears that under the provisions of a late Act of the Legislature the greater portion of the Sheriff's advertisement throughout the State are to be given to such newspapers as the respective Judges before whom the suits are commenced may direct. Heretofore each Sheriff alone has had entire control of the subject. In an Act amendatory of the Practice Act the following language occurs:"

'Section 221. Third—In case of real property, by posting a similar notice, particularly describing the property for twenty days successively, in three public places of the township or city where the property is situated and also where the property is to be sold, and publishing a copy thereof once a week for the same period in some newspaper, to be designated by the Court before which the suit was brought, published in the county, if there be one; and upon the failure of the Court to designate such newspaper, then the same may be published in a newspaper in the county, if there be one, as the Sheriff or Constable may direct.'

In commenting upon this law, the Placer *Herald* uses some very savage language, and says that the law was passed by the Legislature for the purpose of preventing Sheriff Lansing, of Sacramento, from giving his printing to the Democratic paper shortly to be started in Sacramento. It stigmatizes the legislators with such epithets as "oh, he thieves." Our injured friend forgets, probably, the famous "stamp act" passed by a "Democratic" legislature in '52 or '53 that designated none but "Democratic" papers that should suck the public tit. "Circumstances" truly, "alter cases." It is evident somebody's ox has been grievously gored.

DIVINE SERVICE

UNION CHURCH.—There will be preaching at the Union Church to-morrow at half-past ten o'clock, A. M., and half-past seven o'clock, P. M., by Rev. J. A. Johnson.

Sabbath School at the Union Church at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

M. E. CHURCH.—Preaching every Sunday at half-past ten, A. M., and at seven, P. M. SEATS FREE.

Sabbath School at the Church at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

N. R. PECK, PASTOR.

MARRIED.

In Virginia, Placer county, April 8th, by Rev. E. Paddison, Mr. CHARLES LUCE to Miss HELEN M. CUTTS.

DIED.

At Canon Creek House, near Dutch Flat, on Sunday, April 15th, infant of Mr. and Mrs. E. Meadows.

BORN.

In Todd's Valley, April 6, the wife of Thomas Dods, of a son.

In Auburn, April 14th, the wife of Wm. Sexton, of a son.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Placer, on a judgement rendered in said court in favor of James Teaff and against P. B. Holmes in the sum of eight hundred and sixty-nine ($869 00) 00) dollars, and interest at ten per cent. per annum, I have levied upon and will sell at public sale to the highest bidder for cash in gold coin of the United States, in front of the Justice's office in the town of Dutch Flat, Placer county, on

Monday, the 14th day of May, 1866,

at the hour of ten o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said Defendant had on the 6th day of April, 1866, or has since acquired, and to the following property to wit: A certain blacksmith shop and lot on the north side of Main street, in the town of Dutch Flat, Placer county, State of California, known as Teaff & Holmes' shop, and bounded westerly by the Uncle Sam saloon, easterly by James Teaff's house and lot, and northerly by the Franklin Mining Co.'s claims. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment, together with costs due, and to become due thereon.

A. W. POOLE,
Sheriff of Placer Co.

By J. F. GREELEY, Deputy Sheriff.

Dutch Flat, April 19th, 1866. td

MONTANO! IDANO! WASHOE!

WE are putting up our Original Superior Brand of

GROUND JAVA COFFEE,

—ALSO—

Chartres Coffee, in double Glazed Papers,

To preserve its strength and flavor for the length of time required to be forwarded to the above places.

For sale by all the Jobbers and

MARDEN & FOGER,
Pioneer Steam Coffee and Spice Mills,
220 Front street, San Francisco.

ap21-2dp1m

CANDIES! CANDIES!!

Interesting for Country Dealers.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

SCHRODER & FISHER,
113 K st., Theater Building, Sacramento,

MANUFACTURE THE BEST AND LARGEST VARIETY of CANDIES made on the Pacific Coast?

DO YOU KNOW

That they sell the same at Wholesale as CHEAP as it can be purchased at San Francisco, thus saving freight and insurance?

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW IT

We now assure you that such is a fact. Call when you are down here at our Candy Manufactory and Fancy Cake Bakery, and be convinced to buy of us is money saved. Examine our assortment before purchasing elsewhere, and KNOW that it is superior to any other.

Buy of us, Save Money, and be happy!

ap14-tf SCHRODER & FISHER.

NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY
OVER GOLDEN EAGLE SALOON,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

J. C. SCRIPTURE, ARTIST, WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that he has opened a first class gallery at the above place where he is prepared to take

LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS!

CARTES DE VISITE, AMBROTYPES AND MELANOTYPES.

In the best style of the Art. Call soon as remains but a short time. se17-tf

C. A. RICHARDSON,
—Dealer in—
Cigars, Tobacco, Fresh Fruits, Confectionery, and assorted Nick Nacks,
MAIN STREET, GOLD RUN, PLACER COUNTY.

In connection with the above business, the proprietor has opened a

BARBER SHOP

Where persons can avail themselves of the luxuries of a good shave at their convenience oct8-tf

WATT'S Nervous Antidote cures all diseases having their origin in derangement of the Nervous system. The preparation is perfectly harmless, and can be given to a child with perfect safety. For sale by SAMUEL ADAMS.

ap14-3m Cor. Bush and Powell sts., San Francisco.

SKIN Diseases.—To remove all Cutaneous Eruptions from the Skin, use ADAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER. ap14-3

PURIFY the Blood! Purify the Blood! A few bottles of Adams' Blood Purifier will remove all impurities from the blood, thereby insuring health and longevity. For sale by all Druggists. ap14—3m.

B. F. MOORE, BANKER,
(SUCCESSOR TO HALL & ALLEN.)
GOLD RUN AND DUTCH FLAT.

Will attend to collections, procure Eastern and European exchanges, drawn by Wells, Fargo & Co., or others. General or Special Deposits received, and transact a general banking business.

Having an assay office connected with the Dutch Flat branch, I am enabled to get every quality of Gold Dust and pay the highest relative price.

Also agent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, Pioneer Stage Co., and Phœnix (of Hartford) Insurance Co.

Oct8-3m

CARPENTERS & UPHOLSTERERS.

SMITH & HILDRETH,
TWO DOORS BELOW THE THEATER, MAIN ST.,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE THAT THEY ARE prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

NEW MATERIAL FOR BEDDING!

They also inform the public that they are now manufacturing, from California Soap Root, a very

SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF BEDDING,

Equal to the best Curled Hair, at half the cost. Those desirous of obtaining Bedding, Sofas, Lounges, etc., are invited to call.

☞ Beds, and every description of Furniture repaired at short notice. ap1-tf

QUARTZ MILLS FOR SALE.

ONE FIFTEEN STAMP MILL AND ONE FIVE STAMP MILL.

Either of the above mill be sold cheap for cash, or will be put up on a good vein on reasonable terms, for part cash and an interest in the vein. Persons having good claims and in want of a mill of any capacity from five to twenty stamps, will find it to their interest to state particulars in writing, and direct to this office. ap1-tf

FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
Under Masonic Hall,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CALIFORNIA.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, the undersigned respectfully announces that he continues to keep on hand a full assortment of

FAMILY AND MINERS' GROCERIES,
CAN AND PRESERVED FRUITS,
OYSTERS, LOBSTERS AND SARDINES,
Fresh Butter, Eggs and Vegetables,
POWDER, FUSE AND NAILS,
CROCKERY, EARTHEN AND TINWARE.

With every other article for family use, which he is prepared to sell at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Every accommodation afforded to customers.

ja1-tf GERGE S. MAKER.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, CIGARS,
—AT THE—
POST OFFICE NEWS DEPOT.

THE Subscriber having purchased the interest of his former partner, Mr. Gross, has just returned from San Francisco where he purchased a full assortment of the

BEST HAVAFA CIGARS,
FINEST CHEWING TOBACCO,
GENUINE MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Of every description and price. A very excellent assortment of

FINE CUTLERY, GUNS, PISTOLS, AND GOLD PENS,

Together with a fine supply of

Toilette Articles, Perfumes, Etc.,

All of which he is prepared to sell at prices that defy competition—for cash. Give me a call in your wanderings

mar6-tf JOHN H. BOKE.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an Execution to me directed and delivered on the 30th day of March A.D. 1866, issued out of the court of E. Aubury, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, Placer county, and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1866, in favor of Adam Brown and against John Damsguard, W. H. Smith, O. D. Lang, R. Smith, W. W. Phillips, Allen Towle, G. W. Dustin, and M. F. Noyes, for the sum of Two Hundred and ninety-nine 17-100 dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at twenty-two 40-100 dollars. I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Justice's office in Dutch Flat,

On Saturday, April 21st, 1866,

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said defendants had on the 21st day of March, A.D. 1866, in and to the following described property, to wit: One certain mining claim situated at Nary Red, known as the American Eagle Claim, said claim being bounded as follows: North by the Badger Company's Claim; West by Beloit Company's Claim; South by Bradley's fence, and East by Bartlett's Claim. Also, one dwelling house, one whim house, and one blacksmith shop standing on said claim, and belonging to said American Eagle Company, together with the blacksmith and mining tools, and all appurtenances belonging to said company.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. F. GREELEY, Constable,
By H. H. GREELEY, Deputy.

March 28, 1866. tds

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of an execution to me delivered and directed on the 28th day of March A. D. 1866, issued out of the court of E. Aubury, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgement rendered in said court on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1866, in favor of Charles Weeks, and against B. H. Bartlett, P. B. Holmes, and W. H. Hillhouse, et. al., co-paneling the "Squire's Quartz Mining company," for the sum of thirty eight 50-100 dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at six 75-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the Justice's office, in Dutch Flat

On Saturday, April 21st, 1866,

at the hour of two o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said Company composed of as aforesaid, had on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1866, in and to the following described property, to wit: That certain Quartz Ledge or Lode, with all dips, spurs and angles, situated on Canon Creek, in said Township No. 4, Placer county State of California, about two miles easterly of Dutch Flat, and about 200 yards below the old Canon Creek saw mill, said ledge being known as the "Squire's Quartz Mining claim, the same 5,000 feet in length; running from the tunnel made to work said ledge 2,600 feet southerly, and 2,400 feet northerly, together with said tunnel and all the mining tools belonging to said Company. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgement together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. F. GREELEY, Constable,
March 28th, 1866. By H. H. GREELEY, Deputy.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of an execution to me delivered and directed on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1866, issued out of the court of J. H. Neff, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1866, in favor of Wm. Spangle and against S. A. Hall, for the sum of One Hundred and one 98-100 dollars, ($101 98) together with costs of suit taxed at One Hundred and seven 98-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold or silver coin, front of the Express office at Iowa Hill,

On wednesday, April 30th, 1866,

between the hours of one and three o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of the said S. A. Hall, in and to the following described property, to wit: One frame house and lot, situated the lower side of the street south of Main street in the town of Iowa Hill, county of Placer, state of California, bound on the east by the dwelling house of W. C. Rich, and the west by the dwelling house of Carr McCreary, and formerly owned by Mrs. Thorne, together with all fences, improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. KECK, Constable.
April 7, 1866. td By C. QUEEN, Deputy

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

BEWARE OF H. M. JONES.

On the 8th of July, 1865, Mr. H. M. Jones purchased some liquor, cigars, &c., from us to the amount of $37 99, representing at the time that he kept "Jones' Station," and that he would pay the bill shortly thereafter. Not only that he did not remit it, but he paid no attention to our letters when asking for what was justly due us, which compelled us to institute suit against him, upon which Mrs. Jones favored us with a "polite note," of which the following is a verbatim copy:

JONES' STATION, March 19, 1866.

MR. A. FRANKLIN—SIR:—This is to certify that I, J. C. Jones, wife of H. M. Jones, of Nevada county, give you "notice" that the place known as Jones' Station is my separate property, set apart by an Act passed in Legislature in '52 and revised in '63. I have an order from Court attached to Sole Trader's declaration authorizing a married woman to do business in her own name and account. I am not responsible for debts contracted by my husband. Respectfully, Yours,

MRS. J. C. JONES.

The printed copy of her application at Sacramento to become "Sole Trader," of April 29d, 1865, was attached.

This may be an "honest" way of paying the debt, according to the principles of the party who was a stranger to us at the time we credited him, but being better acquainted with him now, we introduce him to the community with this short notice.

A. FRANKLIN & CO.

Dutch Flat, March 29, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between G. E. Mason and Harrison White under the name and style of Mason & White, at Gold Run, Placer county, Cal., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Persons indebted to the late firm of Mason & White are requested to settle the same with G. E. M

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

UNION COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

D. L. ALLEN.....Township No. 1
G. D. ALDRICH.....Township No. 2
WM. SEKTON.....Township No. 3
E. B. BOUST.....Township No. 4
A. G. READ.....Township No. 5
B. D. BURT.....Township No. 6
M. H. POWER.....Township No. 7
H. L. KILBURN.....Township No. 8
J. T. KINCAID.....Township No. 9
M. WALDRON.....Township No. 10
M. C. WINCHESTER.....County at Large,
JAMES E. HALE.....County at Large
N. W. BLANCHARD.....County at Large,

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION IN SAN FRANCISCO.—On Monday last, about half-past 1 o'clock, P. M., two cases of nitro-glycerine exploded in the assay office of Bell & Co., adjoining Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office, San Francisco, killing some ten persons outright and seriously wounding many others. Some of those killed were blown to pieces. A portion of the body of one man was blown from the corner of Montgomery and California to Kearny street. We copy the following account of this fatal occurrence from the San Francisco *Alta* of the 17th:

ORIGIN OF THE DISASTER.

Wells, Fargo & Co., who are freight agents for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, received by the steamer Sacramento, on her late trip up from Panama, a quantity of nitro glycerine, which reached the Isthmus from Europe, consigned to Bandmann, Neilson & Co., of this city; also two cases of the same article, put in larger boxes than Bandmann & Co.'s consignment. These boxes were marked plainly "Nitro Glycerine," and the latter two, one of which was addressed to Idaho and the other to Los Angeles, were refused by the party to whom they were consigned, as they arrived in a damaged condition. Captain Cox, Superintendent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's wharf, yesterday morning, about 10 o'clock finding they were leaking sent them to Wells Fargo & Co's office and they were placed in the court yard in the rear of the office, where the steamer freight unclaimed is usually kept. Webster, the freight clerk of Wells, Fargo & Co., sent for Haven, the freight clerk of the Steamship Company, to examine the same. Both gentlemen lunched at the Union Club and afterwards descended to the court yard by the exterior stairway. The boxes were in the yard, leaking, and it is natural to suppose that in examining the box, which was not a very large one, they either kicked or turned it over, and striking the oil on the ground the concussion exploded the same. Both Webster and Haven were absolutely rent to pieces, showing that they must have been immediately over or near the explosive material. No other persons among the dead were so mutilated, some having their bodies filled with splinters, others their clothing burned or blown off others receiving fractures, and Knight, from the appearance of his remains, was evidently killed by concussion. The boxes containing the nitro glycerine which exploded were each 2½ feet high, and their superficial measurement was 14 fee 11 inches. Only one exploded, the other being found leaking but unexploded hours after the catastrophe.

SEARCH FOR THE WOUNDED.

Lying in the rear were three bodies. Two, not recognized, were lifeless; the third, which was underneath the others, proved to be that of Garret H. Bell, assayer and member of the Board of Supervisors for the Eighth District. Bell's features were sadly mutilated, and his clothing almost torn off, but he still breathed, although insensible. He was removed to the express office of Wells, Fargo & Co., where he soon expired. Meantime the search went on, hundreds taking part from time to time in the mournful work.

Captain Cox, of the Pacific Mail Company's line, who was in the building at the time of the explosion, sent at once for a gang of stevedores from the Mail Company's wharf, and the work of exhumation was thenceforward carried on systematically. Broken walls were cleared away, and the mass of bricks and rubbish where the Union Club House kitchen had stood, beneath which a larger number of sufferers were buried, was removed piece by piece, as the mangled victims were brought out one after another and conveyed away on stretchers or in carriages. The scene was indescribably mournful and impressive.

KILLED AND WOUNDED.

So far as known at this time the list of killed and badly wounded is as follows:

Employes of Wells, Fargo & Co.:

Samuel Knight, Superintendent of the Banking Department. He had just gone out into the yard and must have been killed instantly.

F. E. Webster, head of the New York department, went out into the storehouse to examine the freight with Haven and William Dexter, the porter, and was blown to pieces. Webster was about forty years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

William Jester, the porter, killed.

John Gallagher and Joseph Elliott, oysters were in the yard or stable when the explosion occurred, and were both killed.

D. B Stacey, one of the cashiers, cut and bruised about the face and neck.

W. J. Taylor, cashier, cut about the face and received one cut through the cheek. Painfully but not dangerously injured.

L. P. Zander, storekeeper, received several cuts, and a number of the clerks were scratched.

Employes of the Union Club:

Felix Durivan, cook, killed.

August Michel, second cook, killed.

P. Rael or P. Leroy, third cook, severely and it is feared fatally injured.

W. H. Cox steward, badly injured, supposed to be beyond recovery.

Chinese assistant, name unknown, missing; probably killed.

Another Chinese assistant, name unknown, killed.

John Maguire, waiter, missing.

J. H. Wright, waiter, missing.

William Smith, waiter, leg broken; will recover.

Dennis O'Donnell, waiter, missing.

James Burke, waiter, missing.

We learn the names of other persons, as follows:

Garret H. Bell, assayer, and Supervisor for the Eighth district, who had just stopped into the area to look at his horse, which was driven out of the yard on the way to Petaluma by a groom but an instant before the explosion, breathed but a few minutes.

Wm. H. Haven, bookkeeper in the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, killed.

H. Blum, clothing dealer, adjoining the express office somewhat injured about the face.

Fred. Liese, badly injured.

Frank Morris, workman for Bell & Co., badly cut about the head.

Elliott, another workman, was stripped of everything but his undershirt and boots, and is badly cut.

A. Haywaad, proprietor of the Amador mine, slightly injured.

Wallaub, assayer for Bell, badly, but not dangerously cut and contused.

MODERN IMPROVEMENT.—If we purchase a house to live in, we are sure to want all the "modern improvements,"—and, in a descending scale, in all our purchases we want the same. This fact applies with peculiar force to that important accessory to a household of the present day—a sewing machine. When our fair readers purchase one of these, they want one, of course, with the "modern improvements"—they want to embroider as well as sew with the machine, for they never would be satisfied to make their dresses on the machine, and then slowly put on the embroidery by hand; nor need they, for with Grover & Baker's celebrated Machine they can do both, and with an ease and rapidity astonishing to behold.—*New York Chronicle.*

J. HUGHES,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
OPPOSITE GOLDEN EAGLE SALOON, MAIN ST.

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE CITIZENS of this place and vicinity that he has opened a shop two doors above Burckhalter's for the

Manufacture of Boots and Shoes,

Where he is prepared to execute every description of work in his line at the shortest notice and in the best manner.

Particular attention paid to Repairing.
ap15tf

A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.

WIRE ROPE Manfacturers, No. 412 CLAY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Mining Companies, and others using rope, are informed that Wire Rope is Stronger, More Durable and Very Much Cheaper than any other kind of Rope, and it is not affected by atmospheric changes. We manufacture of every length and size.

Round Wire Rope.
Of IRON and STEEL, for hoisting purposes, Ferry Ropes and Derrick Guys.

Steel Wire Rope.
For Small Gear, for DERRICK FALL ROPES, very Durable and Light, with Suitable Blocks.

Flat Wire Rope,
For Hoisting from mines. Small sizes for Pump Belts. GALVANIZED IRON WIRE ROPE, for Stays and Guys.
IRON AND COPPER WIRE CORD, for Hanging Window Sashes—Signal Cords, etc.

☞ And would refer to the many Companies who are using our Ropes, throughout California and the adjoining States. List of prices with strengths, &c., forwarded on application to the manufacturers. os-6mis

ADAMS' Blood Purifier cures Scrofula or King's Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Cancer or Cancerous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Dropsy, Sick Headache, Rheumatism in all its forms, Sore Mouth, etc., and in fact all diseases brought on by impure blood. ap14—3m.

As a Spring Medicine, to Purify and cleanse the Blood, leaving it free from all Humors and Impurities, Adams' Blood Purifier is admitted to be the very best preparation known. ap14—3m.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

OOMPETITION DEFIED!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ADLER & HUDEPOHL,
Stone Store, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

HAVING just returned from San Francisco where they purchased a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

FURNISHING GOODS!

Would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place to their large assortment. They are determined not to be undersold, and will endeavor to keep

THE BEST GOODS

That can be obtained in the market, both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. They have at present every description of

Fancy Diy Goods and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves. Our is: ENDEAVOR TO PLEASE. ap89-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
CORNER OF MAIN AND STOCKTON STREETS.

L. WURSBURG & BROTHER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE of Dutch Flat and neighboring towns that they are now opening a splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At the Corner of Main and Stockton streets, two doors above the Dutch Flat Hotel, where they invite ALL, especially the Ladies, to call and examine their really superior stock of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Together with an excellent assortment of Gentlemen's and Youth's Goods, and

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

of every description of the latest style, which they offer to the public CHEAP. ny13-tf

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STEEET, DUTCH FLAT.

J. H. LAKAMP respectfully announces to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that he has recently returned from San Francisco where he purchased an excellent assortment of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods!

Of a most superior quality and make, which he is prepared to sell at low prices.

Silk, Marino, and Shaker Flannel Undershirts, Drawers and Hose,
Davis & Jones' Patent White Shirts,
Handkerchiefs, Neckties,
Collars, Vests, Gloves and Scarfs.
Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses & Children's

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.

The assortment in this department is the largest and best to be found in town, consisting of the finest dress boots and shoes, with a large stock of

Miners' Gum and Leather Boots,

Of the best quality and make. Persons in want of articles in my line are invited to call and examine the stock. no4-tf

SAN FRANCISCO STORE.

THE subscribers most respectfully inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that they have opened their store, two doors above Burckhalter's store, and herewith solicit a share of patroeage.

Our Store will always be found well stocked with the choicest brands of

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

FINE FRENCH BRANDIES,
WINES AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE;
CASE LIQUORS, EVERY KIND;
KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS;

A good assortment of

Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.,

Besides a large assortment of all kinds of FANCY GOODS, CUTLERY, STATIONERY, &c.

We shall endeavor to conduct our business so as to please and satisfy our patrons in every manner, and while our business shall be guided by the motto of

"Quick sales and Small Profits,"

we expect to share the patronage of the public.

☞ Please give us a call.

je21-tf A. FRANKLIN & CO.

NEW GOODS AT COST.

WISHING to discontinue this branch of our business, we offer to the public our entire stock of

LADIES' GOODS AT SAN FRANCISCO COST PRICES!

Our stock of Ladies' Dry Goods consists, in part, of

Merino, Cashmeres, Delaines, Ginghams, Poplins, Plaids, Reps, Calicos, Flannels, Hoop-skirts, Collars, Hats, Balmorals, Trimmings, Edgings, Ladies Woolen Jackets, Nubias, Laces, Linens, Cottons, Hosiery,

And numerous other articles too tedious to mention. All who want bargains in the above goods must call early as the goods offered are of the best quality and latest styles.

We also keep constantly on hand a well selected stok of Gentlemen's wear, such as

Hats, Coats, Boots, Shoes, Bedding, Blankets, Gum Boots and Coats, &c.

We have now a splendid stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS! WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, LAMPS, AND OILS,

In all of which articles we defy competition. Call and examine our stock and you cannot fail to be pleased both with the prices and goods.

☞ All goods delivered free of charge.

MASON & WHITE.
Gold Run, Dec. 19, 1865. tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,
TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPERWARE MAKER,
Below the Theater, Main street.

IRON HYDRAULIC PIPE,
KEEPS constantly on hand a good assortment of
ANVILS, AUGERS, SPIKES, AXES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, PUMPS, ROPE, LEAD PIPE, IRON AND STEEL, BORAX, HORSE SHOE NAILS, SAD-IRONS, BENCH-VICES, TINWARE, SAWS, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, Etc.

Together with many other articles too numerous to mention, which he is prepared to sell at very low prices

Iron Hydraulic Pipe

Made to order, and repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ All work in my line done with neatness and dispatch. apr15-tf

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY.
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.
HENRY RUNCKLE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor of this old Established Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies
always on hand. He is also prepared to furnish to families and miners every Saturday with
Fresh Brown Bread.
Persons wishing it fresh will please leave ther orders. jan10-y4-tf

WM. H. KEELER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
MAIN STR., NEXT DOOR TO THE WATER OFFICE.

HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a superb assortment of Watches and Jewelry which he offers at San Francisco prices and charges

Watches and Chronometers
Repaired and regulated at the shortest notice and in a scientific manner. Orders received for the manufacture of
Gold and Silverwire.
And all other articles in his line furnished at prices to suit the times. dec31-tf

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
If you want a A FINE HAT, A GOOD HAT, OR A **CHEAP HAT!**
Go where they keep the largest and best assorted stock, which is at
MEUSDORFFER'S HAT AND CAP MANUFACTORY,
125 JStreet, between Fourth and Fifth,
SACRAMENTO. se30 tf

Adams' Blood Purifier does not contain one particle of mineral, mercurial or other poisonous substance. It is perfectly harmless, and may be administered to persons in the very weakest stages of sickness, or to the most helpless infants, without doing the least injury. [ap14] For sale by D. W. STRONG.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

JUST RECEIVED!

DR. D. W. STRONG,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

HAS Just Received at the Dutch Fla Drug Store, a large and well-selected stock of FRESH DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
ECLECTIC AND PATENT MEDICINES,
TRUSSES.
SUSPENSARIES,
HAIR OILS,
PERFUMERY,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
STATIONERY,
FINE CIGARS,
TOBACCO, &c
Also:
WHITE LEAD,
PAINT OILS,
GLASS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES and
TURPENTINE.

Besides a large assortment of COAL OIL, Lamps, and Kerosene Lamp Chimneys.

All of which will be disposed of

Cheap for Cash.

Cheaper than any other establishment in the county.

All the goods are of the best quality, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtaining a good article at a less price than a poos article would be sold for elsewhere. CALL AND SEE.

Family Groceries.

Of the choicest quality, such as cannot be found at any other place in town, for sale cheap.

In connection with the above, I intend keeping on hand at all times a good assortment of

Fine Watches and Jewelry.

Which will be sold at lower prices than can be bought elsewhere in the State. apr1tf

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., SACRAMENTO.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine Streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
IMPORTING WHOLESALE
DRUGGIST.

Sacramento and San Francisco.

139 J street. Cor. Sansome and Pine sts. 139J street.

We most respectfully invite the attention of DRUGGISTS, DENTISTS, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, MERCHANTS, MILLMEN, ASSAYERS, BREWERS, SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS and others,

To our well-assorted stock of articles in their line of business:

Drugs and Medecines,	Herbs and Fluid Extricts,
ainted Oils,	Corks, every variety,
Dental Goods,	Acids,
Surgical Instruments,	Marble Dust,
Elastic Stockings,	Plaster,
Trusses and Supporters,	Blue Stone,
Druggists' Glassware,	Sal. Ammoniac,
Irish Moss,	Copperas,
Leeches,	Retorts and Crucibles,

Together with a complete assortment in the Drug line.

Our Senior Partner is now residing at the East, giving his personal attention to the purchasing and shipping of supplies. We are thereby enabled to furnish goods of the **First Quality at Very Low Prices.** We will not be undersold by any house in California.

We would respectfully solicit those dealing in our line to examine and price our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
oc21-y Sacramento and San Francisco.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
SACRAMENTO
—AND—
SAN FRANCISCO.
Importers of
DENTAL AND SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

TEETH, GOLD FOIL, FORCEPS OF ALL KINDS, DENTAL CASES, ALL SIZES, WITH AND WITHOUT INSTRUMENT; VULCANIZERS, AND ALL MATERIAL FOR DOING VULCANITE WORK; BURRS, DRILLS AND EXCAVATORS; ANATOMICAL PREPARATIONS.

In Short Everything Used by the Dental Profession.

Our Stock was never better than at present.

BOOKS.

We have constantly on hand all the

Standard Works on Dentistry.

Are Agents for the "DENTAL COSMOS," published in Philadelphia, which is the best monthly work on Dentistry published.

The Dental profession can rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible, manner and with dispatch. R. H. McDONLD & CO.,
oc21-y Sacramento and San Francisco.

EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,
Main Street, Dutch Flat.
H. K. WEST.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber having es- tablished a Livery Stable at this place would respectfully announce to the public that he is prepared to furnish the best

Horses, Buggies and Carriages

To be had in the mountains. Their horses and carriages have been selected and purchased expressly for mountain travel, and the proprietors pledge themselves to use every exertion to render entire satisfaction. The notice of

Families and Parties

is called to the fact that this establishment is prepared to supply them with every accommodation—gentle horses and experienced and careful drivers.

☞ Particular attention paid to transient stock, and horses boarded and groomed by the month, week, or day, at reasonable prices. oc8-tf

PACIFIC LIVERY STABLE,
HEAD OF MAIN STREET, COLFAX.
JAMES F. FISHER.....PROPRIETOR

THE PROPRIETOR respectfully informs the public generally that he is prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call with fine

SADDLE HORSES, BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

For all places in the nighborhood, with or without drivers. Conveyances furnished for families or private parties at the shortest notice.

The proprietor would inform those favorable to easy an d speedy travel that every facility will be afforded those patronizing this estableshment. mr10-3M

"ESSEX,"
Corner of Main and Virginia streets, GOLD RUN, CALIFORNIA.
O. W. HOLLENBECK.....PROPRIETOR

THIS new and spacious Billiard Saloon, which has just been fitted up in first rate style, is now open to the public, and will be constantly stocked with the best

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

that can be purchased on the Pacific coast.

A polite and attentive bar-keeper always in attendance to wait upon visitors. je-24tf

Lebanon Mining Company, Prospec Hill, Placer County.

NOTICE:—A special meeting of the stockholders of the above named company will take place at their office on Prospect Hill, Placer county, California, on Saturday, the 21st day of April, 1866, for the amendment of the By-Laws of the Company, and the transaction of other important business.

Proxies properly stamped, must be filed with the Secretary. R. D. KELLER, Sec'y.
March 26, 1866. td

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LIBANUS CHAPTER, No. 17, R. A. M., meets at their hall in Iowa Hill every Thursday on or preceding the full moon of each month. Companions in good standing are fraternally invited to visit.

J. H. NEFF, H. P.
W. D. LAWRENCE, Sec'y. [ja7]

MEDICAL ADVICE.—DR. WM. K. DOHERTY'S Medical and Surgical Institute is becoming a sine quo non to the welfare of our State and heatlh of our citizens; and his rapidly spreading reputation, although it may excite surprise, is but the signal of skill, and follows as the natural result of such a cause. We are personally acquainted with gentlemen who had suffered for years under chronic disease, and who had taken advantage of every available means that promised relief, but without success, until they called upon Dr. Doherty, who, in an incredibly short space of time, has given them entire relief. It is gratifying to announce this fact, because the Dr. is a gentleman who seeks, not by defamation of others, to establish his reputation or ruin of another's fame. The Doctor conducts his own Institute in such a manner must be gratifying to all his patients. He examines, advises, and recommends without charge, and the patient, after hearing his terms for treatment, can accept or reject at pleasure. In no case does the Doctor make a charge unless he effects a cure. This he is able to do, because he feels the confidence which long experience has given, and no doubt the consolation which appertain to that confidence. Persons afflicted with either acute or chronic disease, would do well to consult the Doctor; at all events, it can do no harm, as for consultation he asks no fee; nor does he insist on obedience to his advice unless the patient places himself under his care. His offices are on Sacramento street, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship office.—News

AT LEAST two-thirds of the Diseases with which the human family are afflicted, are brought on by the want of attention to the condition of the Blood. Whenever the blood becomes impure, no matter from what cause, the effects of such impurity are immediately felt, either in one way or another; and unless measures are at once taken to remove such impurities, the whole system becomes affected, and a long fit of sickness and sometimes death is the result. Dr. Samuel Adams, a well-known Chemist of San Francisco, has discovered certain herbs and roots, mostly of California growth, which he has combined with Sarsaparilla and Iodide of Potas, and succeeded in producing a Medicine that, while it is entirely harmless in every particular, will in short time completely eradicate from the Blood all impurities of whatever nature, and will restore the patient to perfect ROBUST HEALTH. The preparation is called "ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER," and is for sale at wholesale at the United States Drug Store, corner of Bush and Powell streets, San Francisco, and by Dr. D. W. Strong, Dutch Flat. 40

CALIFORNIANS should test the merits of DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. While it is highly palatable as a beverage, it is unequalled as a tonic and invigorator. In the pursuit of fortune at the mines, many persons are exposed to the attacks of complaints of the digestive organs, and various kinds of fever. It is the very article that has so long been in demand in the mines. Its daily use will the tone of a deranged stomach, impart fresh vitality to the digestive functions, and cheer the spirits. Yet the Bitters is the safest of all stimulants. Let the miner who is exposed to hot and dry, wet and cold, be certain to obtain a supply of the genuine Hostetter Bitter, and he will find it a certain safeguard to health. Dec9-3m

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.—In another part of this paper will be found the advertisement of the celebrated Institute established by Dr. J. C. YOUNG, in 1850. In this age of deceit and charlatanism it is a boon to the suffering to point out to them where they are sure of obtaining the wished for relief and cure. Under the care of the skillful Doctor the sick and troubled can divest themselves of their burdens of pain; lay aside their cross, and secure health and happiness. If you are sick or in trouble, do not hesitate. Read the advertisement and follow the advice. Do not forget the number or the manner of directing your letters. Consultation Office, 540, Washington street, San Francisco. Dec-3m

DR. J. F. GIBBON.—This celebrated physician has returned to San Francisco, after an absence of a year, during which time he has visited the prominent hospitals in the United States, England and France; and having carefully studied the different mode of treatment in all those establishments, he comes back with full knowledge as to a proper adaptation of them in the effecting of cures here. He has returned and resumed the practice of his profession at No. 517 Kearney street, where his old patients may find him, and those who are suffering from ills which his practice will allow him to cure. His capd will be found in another column.

THE GREAT BLOOD MEDICINES.—Let every man, woman and child in our country learn, that LeDoyon's Family Medicines are the best in use. See advertisement on the fourth page.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES!
CONTINUE RIGHT!
AT BURCKHALTER'S.

CROCKERY and EARTHENWARE,
TIN AND WOODWARE,
LAMPS, CHIMNEY'S, WICKS AND BURNERS.
A large assortmeut of the latest improved paterns, at BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSINE OIL,
Lard Oil,
Machine Oil,
Neats-foot Oil, and Boiled Oils.
A large stock from fresh importations at BURCKHALTER'S.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO!
Continue to receive regular invoices of the best CIGARS from the East, and the most favorite brands of
Chewing and Smoking Tobacco TO WHICH
the attention of dealers as well as consumers is invited.

BURCKHALTER, appreciating friends, now offers
The Largest Assortment of FAMILY AND HOTEL SUPPLIES
OUTSIDE OF SACRAMENTO,
At Prices that Defy Competition!

His Stock consists of
Family, Miners, and Hotel, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
together with a large assortment of
HADWARE,
CHAINS,
BOLTS,
DRILLS,
PICK,
AND STEEL,
For Mills and Miners.

LIQUORS, LIQUORS!

The assortment of fine
Old Brandies, Wines, Whiskey, Syrups, &c.,
is acknowledged the best in the County. Saloons and first buyers would do well to call and examine my stock before sending down below or buying elsewhere, as my facilities enable me to offer articles in this line at
Unprecedeented Low Figures
AT BURCKHALTER'S.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THEODORE SCHUBERT,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE BREWERY.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS BY which he is enabled to manufacture
BOOTS AND SHOES
Almost as cheap as they can be purchased in the stores, desires to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and surrounding places that he manufactures

Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots,

Of the best quality, and from $8 00 to $10 00, and all work warranted. I have received a lot of the New Patent Lasts, and Gentlemen troubled with corns can have Boots made in such a manner as will secure them ease and comfort.

REPAIRING DONE in the best manner, as usual. All requiring anything in my line are invited to call. my27

ADAMS' Blood Purifier will effect a permanent cure in the most dangerous and confirmed cases of Scrofula, or King's Evil, Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers, and every kind of scrofulous and serious eruptions. For sale by all Druggists, and by ap14 3m D. W. STRONG.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.
J. M. GAROUTTE.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment, respectfully announces to the public that he intends to keep the house in a manner which will warrant the satisfaction of those who may favor him with a call. Knowing the wants of the public he will keep the people supplied with the best viands. His accommodations are such that cannot fail to meet the demand of those who know the comforts of

Clean Beds and Well Aired Rooms.

Attending strictly to the management of the house personally he will endeavor to render ALL favoring him with their patronage, comfortable.

The house has been thoroughly renovated, being plastered throughout, and the rooms large and airy, will make it one of the most desirable houses to stop at in the mountains. my15-tf

HACKETT'S HOTEL,
Main Street, Gold Run, Placer County.
HENRY HACKETT.....PROPRIETOR

HAVING almost completed his fine and commodious building which is in progress of being furnished entire with new and convenient furniture, the proprietor of the above named house is enabled to offer

BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS

to the traveling public than can be obtained elsewhere in the town, and from his long experience in catering to the wants of the public he flatters himself that he can render entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT

Being under the supervision of an experienced and accoomplished cook patrons can rely upon having at all times the best the market affords.

THE BAR

Will be always stocked with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

THE ROOMS are large and airy and the beds and bedding clean and comfortable, making the establishment, when completed one of the best in the mountains.

In connection with the house the proprietor has fitted an excellent

Hay, Grain and Feed Stable,

for the use of Teamsters and the traveling public generally. se 16 tf.

HERBERT'S EXCHANGE,
Three Miles above Dutch Flat.
JOHN L. HERBERT.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully in- forms the traveling public that he is prepared to accommodate all who favor him with a call, being determined to exert himself to the utmost to give his guests every satisfaction. Ample accommodations for Teamsters as well as the public generally. ap29v6y

ZERR'S STATION,
Nine miles above Dutch Flat.
THOMAS LEWIS.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully announces to his friends and the traveling public generally that he has purchased this well-known Stage Station which he intends hereafter to keep in a style unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS!

Can rely upon receiving every attention and accommodation and pleasure parties from Dutch Flat will always be furnished with the best house affords. je3tf

CRYSTAL LAKE HOUSE,
Nineteen Miles above Dutch Flat.
HENRY POLLEY.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber desires to inform the traveling public that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call.—Excellent facilities are provided for

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS,

Having HAY and GRAIN, and a large COMMODIOUS LOT.

THE BAR is thought by connoisseurs to contain the Best Liquors, and Iced Beverages constantly made.

The subscriber has just constructed at NEW TRAIL whereby persons going to and from the

New Mines at Excelsior District

From all points below can save a considerable distance of mountain travel.

Distance to the new mines from Dutch Flat by way of the Crystal Lake House, thirty miles. jul5v6y

TOMPKINS HOUSE.
ear Valley, Nevada County, Cal.
E. O. TOMPKINS.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully an- nounces to the traveling public that he is now fully prepared to accommodate all guests in the best possible manner. Parties visiting this beautiful valley will receive every attention. The House is situated on the line of the Pacific Turnpike, between Dutch Flat and Bowman's Ranch, on the Henness Pass road.

MEADOW LAKE RESTAURNAT,
Corner of Main and Sacramento Streets.
PHELEP HEUSNER.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor of this old and well known stand intends keeping a first class restaurant, and purposes furnishing those patronizing him with every

DELICACY OF THE SEASON!

At prices as moderate as can be afforded this side any of the larger cities. He is prepared to accommodate a limited number of boarders without lodging, and furnish

MEALS AT ALL HOURS!

Every accommodation afforded usually found in a well regulated hotel.

Board, per week.....$7 00
Single Meals.....50
[jan27-tf

GOLDEN EAGLE HALL,
S. E. Cor. Main and Stockton Streets.
MAYER & DOWNER.....PROPRIETORS

THE Proprietors having thorougly re- modelled and renovated this favorite place of resort are now prepared to invite all to come and see them, assuring them that they offer nothing but the

Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

That can be purchased below. In connection with this first class Saloon there are two fine

Marble-bed Billiard Tables,

Upon which those partial to this noble game can pass an hour of pleasant recreation.
Drop in as you are passing and see for yourself. fe17-tf

UNCLE SAM SALOON,
(One door above Dr. Strong's Drug Store)
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

SAM SWANSON begs leave to inform the public that he has always the best

Wines, Liquors, Syrups and Cigars,

that can be purchased below, and invites those partial to leasant beverages to give him a call. fe11-tf

BED ROCK SALOON,
Opposite the Postoffice, Main street.
GEORGE L. SLOCUMB.....PROPRIETOR

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE FINEST **Wines, Brandies, Cigars and Syrups,** and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers **Billiard Balls, Cues, and Cue-Wafers,** purchased for customers at the lowest city prices. de-4

SENATE SALOON,
Opposite the Express Office.

HAVING assumed control of this first class popular saloon, the undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will keep all the best

Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

And give such attention to customers as to ensure their comfort and satisfaction. In connection with the saloon there is an excellent

Billiard Table

which is now in complete repair, upon which, those partial to this popular and innocent amusement can while away a pleasant hour. C. M. KOPP. dec23-tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP.
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased this Favorite Market, will keep always on hand the best

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Home-made Sausage,

Which will be supplied to customers at the lowest market rates. Every accommodation guaranteed to the public. Apr8-tf CONRAD ROTH.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Engine Eight and a half inch bore and 24 inch stroke, Two boilers 34 inches inches diameter and 20 feet long. Muley Saw and Saw Mill irons complete. Will be sold cheap for cash. Address, MT. PLEASANT SAW MILL CO., Oct. 24, 1865. no4-3m Iowa Hill.

ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER IS A POSITIVE AND Specific remedy for all hereditary diseases transmitted from parent to child. For sale by ap14-3m D. W. STRONG.

THE AMERICAN FLAG,

The Most Distinguished, Complete and Popular Journal in California.

THE AMERICAN FLAG,
THE AMERICAN FLAG,
THE AMERICAN FLAG,

Morning and Evening Editions,
Morning and Evening Editions,
Morning and Evening Editions,

Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,
Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,
Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,

The Best News Departments,
The Best News Departments,
The Best News Departments,

The Ablest Corps of Writers,
The Ablest Corps of Writers,
The Ablest Corps of Writers,

The Most Distinguished Contributors,
The Most Distinguished Contributors,
The Most Distinguished Contributors,

The Best Correspondents,
The Best Correspondents,
The Best Correspondents,

From all parts of the World,
From all parts of the World,
From all parts of the World,

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION,
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION.

Greenbacks Taken at Par,
Greenbacks Taken at Par,
Greenbacks Taken at Par.

The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,
The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,
The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,

Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12
Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12
Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12

In the National Currency,
In the National Currency,
In the National Currency.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY AMERICAN FLAG IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE ABLEST, MOST NOTED, AS WELL AS THE CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CALIFORNIA. IN THE EXCELLENCE OF ITS

EDITORIAL, PARAGRAPHING AND NEWS DEPARTMENT

Without a Rival or Successful Imitator

The Cheapest Paper in the World!
The Cheapest Paper in the World!
The Cheapest Paper in the World!

The Voice of the Press,
The Voice of the Press,
The Voice of the Press,

The editorials are of the ablest character; the news department is presided over by the best talent of the country, and the miscellaneous matter is evidently selected by editors who are adepts in the business. In short, it is a tremendous newspaper, and what we admire quite as much, a very handsome one.—TRINITY JOURNAL.

Many of the leading articles in the AMERICAN FLAG, when carefully perused, can not fail to make the lover of his country tremble. They are unmistakably a plain chess-board of the future, and will serve as a beacon light on the political paths of the nation. A large number of these articles are worthy of republication in book form.—LOS ANGELES NEWS.

THE FLAG is to be trusted as a true Union paper without deceit, which no motive of interest can turn from its course; and which cannot be swayed by fear or intimidated by threat. It is a first-class journal and ought to receive the hearty support of the true Union men of San Francisco and the interior. STOCKTON INDEPENDENT.

We have received the AMERICAN FLAG, published at San Francisco, California. It is printed on a double sheet larger than the New York Tribune, and is by far the ablest and best newspaper in the Golden State.—LITCHFIELD (CT.) ENQUIRER.

THE AMERICAN FLAG is the truest, ablest, and most fearless defender of the Union cause in this State. There is no other paper that can be compared with it in any respect. It is independent of cliques, cabals and factions.—NEVADA GAZETTE.

THE AMERICAN FLAG exceeds in variety and

THE LAW OF COMMON CARRIERS.

A case has recently been decided in Cincinnati which involves several disputed points with regard to the liability of railroad companies and steamboat owners for passengers' baggage, when lost or destroyed. In September, 1865, the steamer General Buell was destroyed on the Ohio river, and the suit referred to was brought by a lady passenger to recover the value of her baggage, contained in two trunks, which had been destroyed. The Court laid down several principles, upon which it awarded the lady $1,820 damages. A common carrier is bound to provide a place of safety for baggage—the safest place on the train or boat—and if accident happens, the carrier is liable, unless the accident occurred by causes out of the power of human prudence, action or science to prevent. When baggage is received on a boat or car without weighing or examination by the officers, they are responsible for it to its full value. When a limit is imposed as to the number of pounds of baggage that can be carried for each passenger, and the officers receive it without question, and it exceeds this weight, the railroad or steamboat company is still responsible. As to what a passenger may carry as baggage, the ruling is equally explicit. Anything may be carried that the owner is by birth or education accustomed to consider as necessary wearing apparel. If accustomed to wearing expensive clothing, the traveler has a right to carry it. In regard to jewelry, the Court decided that the traveler had the right to carry it as baggage, provided it was in small parcels, and of the kind in common use—not, of course, a tiara of jewels or pearls, worth thousands of dollars—but such jewelry as was appropriate to the adornment of a person in genteel society. The ruling is thus seen to be against the carrier and in favor of the passengers, and this case is only another added to the series constantly decided for the protection of the traveling public. In this case, the value of the contents of the two trunks of the lady was set down at about two thousand dollars. Several dresses had cost from $50 to $250 each, and articles of fine underclothing, that were in the trunks by dozens, had cost from $10 to $12 each. The verdict was of nearly the full value of her claim.

THE present New York City Union League Club, on March 8th, passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, As the sense of the "Union League Club," that the prudence, wisdom and patriotism of both Houses of Congress upon the subject of the reconstruction of the Union, merit and meet our hearty approbation, and have, as we believe, the approval of the great mass of the loyal American people, North and South.

[COMMUNICATED.]

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

Very few persons, even among physicians, would have been willing upon any terms to have been in the condition of the writer of the following letter on the 14th of February last. I will anticipate somewhat his report of the facts by saying that on the 15th August, ult, he made me a visit, "the very picture of good health." Time, which tries and proves all things, has sufficiently tested this case, and shown that neither relapses nor collapses having followed, the cure is perfect, and can be cited among the scores of similar cases the result of my improved mode of treating diseases without medicine.

G. M. BOURNE.
Water Cure Physician,
No. 10, Masonic Temple, Post street.

AUGUST 27, 1865.

SACRAMENTO, April 30, 1865.

DR. G. M. BOURNE—Dear Sir:—It is with pleasure and satisfaction that I now let you know of my good health. Looking back on what I have passed through, it seems as if I was lifted from the grave, and I think it my duty to acknowledge to you and the world the benefit I derived from water treatment as administered by you in your celebrated baths. It was in August, 1864, when disease developed itself with a severe cough. I then took medicines, getting worse, with chills, fevers, loss of strength, and was pronounced consumptive. This set me to thinking, and finally I determined to leave my business and go into the Islands, having been informed that I could not be cured here. I went to San Francisco, and while waiting for a ship called upon Dr. Bourne, who stated that a trip to the Islands would probably result disastrously, was wholly unnecessary, as I could be speedily cured at his establishment. I placed myself under his treatment, and in one week I was so much improved I thought I could risk returning home and to my duty as Engineer on the Central Pacific Railroad. The Doctor objected; but I thought I knew better, and returned to duty. In about two weeks my cough returned, and I kept getting worse, and contrary to Dr. Bourne's injunction never to take medicine again, committed that folly, and soon was so completely run down that I could scarcely walk; so, as a last resort, I concluded once more to try the Water Cure. I went to San Francisco—few of my friends expecting me to return: in fact, I thought my return doubtful. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment (February 14, 1865,) I was not able to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days I began to recruit again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a wiser and a better man," without the aid of medicine. I have now been at work several weeks, and find that I am gaining every day, and at present bid fair to be stouter than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment find it just what it should be, both in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Departments, and cannot say too much in praise of the Doctor's kind attention to his patients.

This letter I write for the benefit of all the afflicted, to be used as the Doctor decides, and should it be the means of directing any to his care and treatment who (as they assuredly will) find relief, I will be paid for my trouble. JAMES CAMPBELL,
Engineer Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 29, 1865.

Advised by the undersigned, Mr. James Campbell, of the Central Pacific Railroad, (who was then in a most deplorable state of ill health,) placed himself under the care of Dr. Bourne, the Water Cure Physician. Some six months or more afterward he visited this city, when I accidentally met him at Dr. Bourne's establishment and am happy to say, restored to the enjoyment of good health, and in fine spirits. JOHN SULLIVAN.

☞ Dr. Bourne treats all diseases of the throat, chest, and lungs—which includes diptheria, bronchitis, incipient consumption, pleurisy, croup, etc.—with greatest success. Great relief is afforded in advanced stages of consumption. Rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, fever and ague, dropsy, etc., etc., are also cured quickly, pleasantly and economically. No medicine whatever.

Confirmation Strong, of an Interesting Letter.

SACRAMENTO, November 23, 1865.

DEAR DOCTOR:—I received your letter a few days since asking for my photograph, which I will attend to as soon as convenient. At present I am very busy on account of the stormy weather, being out at all times, both night and day, and am enjoying very good health, apprehending no danger if properly careful, as every one should be. I have read my letter in the CALL and other papers, and have been asked several times concerning it, and whether it is correct, and I say I can vouch for its contents, and more if required, and so can agree at many others who knew me at that time. I remain your friend,
To DR. BOURNE, JAMES CAMPBELL.
San Francisco.

Dr. Bourne takes the liberty to publish the above, as many persons had prophesied the relapse into his former condition, on returning to his duties, of the writer of "An Interesting Letter," whose statements concerning the cure of a well defined case of consumption have recently attracted so much attention to the Water Cure, as improved upon and practised by Dr. Bourne. This additional testimony must prove satisfactory to all reasonable minds. It should be remembered that Dr. Bourne uses no medicines whatever, and that his patients almost universally are those who have failed to receive relief from the medical practitioners; yet they are cured with great rapidity, and in a pleasant and agreeable manner. No 10 Masonic Temple, Post street entrnce. 3m

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age

This Medicine is of a purely Vegetable preparation and has never been known to fail in effecting a cure in the following cases: Ague, Anxiety, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, Convulsions, Colic, Dysentery, Delirium Tremens, Mental or Physical Debility, Dispepsia, Fits, Gout, Headache, Hysterics, Heart Disease, Palsy, Imbecility, Impotency, Suppressed Menses, Neuralgia, Pleurisy, Restlessness, St. Vitas Dance, Stricture, Tic Dolereaux and Whooping Cough, &c.

Columns of certificates of cures might be published sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical, that this medicine is all that its discoverer claims for it. Persons with any of the above diseases, will do well to give it a trial before dosing themselves with mineral poisons, that while they sometimes afford temporary relief, always leave behind them the seeds of some other disease, oftentimes far worse than that which they are given to cure.

Watt's Nervous Antidote

Is a perfectly harmless preparation, and can be given to an infant without fear of injury. In fact there are many persons that give it to crying babies, as a soothing syrup with miraculous effect. The Antidote is for sale by all respectable druggists. ap14-3m

THREE Articles that all Families should always have in the house—Adams' Silver-Coated, Anti-Bilious Pills—Adams' Blood Purifier—Adams' German Tonic and Aromatic Bitters. The first removes all bile from the stomach and restores the stomach and liver to a healthy condition. The second removes all impurities from the blood. The third strengthen and invigorate the whole system. ap14—3m.

SLEEP! Sleep! Sleep! Sleep!—Persons troubled with wakefulness, will find great relief in the use of Watt's Nervous Antidote. ap14—3m.

LeDoyen's Sarsaparilla,

YELLOW DOCK, IODINE ALTERATIVE

For Purifying the

BLOOD!

Gives Life to the

Liver, Stomach,
Spleen, Kidneys,
Heart, Womb,
Bladder, Nerves,
Glands, Blood,
Marrow, & Bones,

LEDOYEN'S

Vegetable Cathartic Pills, and NATURE'S PHYSIC.

They Invigorate, Cleanse, and Purify; Regulate the Secretions and Liver: Mild and Easy of Operation; Correct Costiveness; Prevent Diarrhœ, Dissentary, Piles, Spasms, Colic, Rheumatism.

The Eyes! The Eyes!

LeDoyen's Celebrated Eye Water,

FOR ALL INFLAMATIONS OF THE EYE BALLS, EYE LIDS, GRANULAR LIDS, WEAKNESS, COLDS, DROPPING OF TEARS, WOUNDS, INJURIES, CONGESTION, AMAUROSIS, WEAK NERVES, CATARACT, IRRITATION, &c., &c.

It Saves Money, Time and Eyes.

DAVIDSON'S CIRCASSION BLOOM,

A DELIGHTFUL BEAUTIFIER AND PRESERVER OF THE COMPLEXION AND SKIN.

This is a most delightful and refreshing liquid bloom for the face, neck, and arms. Innocent and fragrant, it removes Tan, Moth, Freckles, Sunburn, Blemishes, Pimples; and all greasy unnatural skins are beautified by this delightful bloom. No toilet is complete without it.

OCULIST AND AURIST,

DR. VAN ZANDT,

Devotes his attention to the treatment and operation of all diseases of the Eyes and Ears.

Offices 629 Front str., near Pacific street,
SAN FRANCISCO. fe17-y

DR. J. H. JOSSELYN.

IMPORTANT

MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE AGENT

When it was promulgated by the Directors of the Electropathic Institute that disease could be entirely eradicated from the system without the use of poisonous drugs the thoughtless and those who do not look deeply into cause and effect scouted the assertion as chimerical, and wrote articles replete with sophistry, claiming that only through the digestive system could the blood be purged of the poisons which constitute disease; a great cry went up from those interested in the continued supremacy of the old system of one poison to cure another. All of the empirics joined in the chorus, and in their ignorance laughed at the new system, circulating base stories of its ill success, and quoting imaginary cases as proofs. Time has demonstrated their dishonesty. After five years of uninterrupted success the Electropathetic system is the leading idea in medical jurisprudence. While by the old system, physicians are contented to cure one in every five cases, there were those who were diving deep into the science of the curative art; among these were the Electropathists; finally, it was discovered that the failure in most of the cases of organic diseases, was entirely due to the machine. Taking this view of the case, Dr. J. H. Josselyn, after years of experiment, has perfected an Electropathic Instrument, which will cure any disease which flesh is heir to, always to be understood that the case is not so far advanced as to show a destruction of the vital tissue. From early morn until late at night, this instrument is employed, imparting health and vigor to all who are so fortunate as to obtain its services. We do not claim that the use of medicines may not be more advantageous in some cases, but, that in connection with machine, it will perform a cure much sooner than without, and also that disease hitherto deemed incurable, can be cured by this system, but the Directors desire to take this opportunity to inform invalids that the Resident Physician is a regular graduate and has had large experience in the treatment of disease, both with and without the assistance of electricity; he has also discovered several "electric" Vegetable remedies that will cure almost any nameable disease, which he will send with full instructions for use, to any part of the Pacific coast upon a receipt of a complete description of the disease with which the applicant may be afflicted, and will warrant a complete and perfect cure in all cases where the medicines are used according to directions and more especially in all cases of female troubles, where great care and caution are necessary to a favorable result. Disease (which by the old system) took months, and even years to cure, are now cured in a few days or weeks. The cost, too, is not so great as by the old system, besides the saving of time. Connected with this system are the renowned

Electro-Magnetic Baths,

than which there is no more powerful auxiliary in the world for the radical cure of disease. There is no institute in the State where the electropathic system is practiced, except at the

Electropathic Institute,

645 Washington street.

This Institute was established to, if possible prevent the unwary from falling into those dens of robbery (yclept quack doctor's traps), and from the scientific originators of this Institute will not be to blame if the afflicted are robbed of their money, and injured in constitution. There is another view of the affair. The rising generation should be reared with strong constitutions, and the Directors wish to arouse their guardians to a proper sense of their duties in the premises, if possible to prevent them from stuffing their young charges with deleterious drugs, with a chance of entailing upon the tender constitution just forming, a complication of evils, a thousand times worse than death.

It would be consuming space, to no purpose, to enumerate the diseases to which this system is applicable, suffice it to say, that there is no disease, within the catalogue of human ills but what can be cured at the Electropathic Institute. We have instructed the Resident Physician to warrant a perfect and permanent cure, or ask no pay for services, when in his judgement it is within the bounds of cure.

CAUTION.

Persons seeking the Electropathic Institute, should be careful to remember the name and number.

Electropathic Institute,

645 Washington street, South side, between Kearney and Montgomery, over the restaurant.

J. H. JOSSELYN M. D.,

Resident Physician, on the sign. With these remarks we leave the interests of the Institute to the public, asking only the same generous confidence and patronage thus far awarded to it. The record shows over twenty thousand consultations, and a very large amount of suffering relieved.

Persons wishing to consult the Resident Physician by Letter, can do so with the utmost confidence. All letters must be addressed plainly, J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D. Box 1949, San Francisco, Cal. All letters will be destroyed, or returned, as directed by the writer.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. feb17-3m

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the report of the Committee of Awards at the Fair of the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE
NEW YORK, 1865.

To the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO. for the Best Family Sewing Machine,

HIGHEST HREMIUM! GOLD MEDAL!

REASONS:

1st.—Its simplicity and great range of work.

2d.—The Reversible Feed Motion.

3d.—The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the Machine is made

4th.—The rapidity of its working and the quality of the work done.

5th.—The self-adjusting Tension.

The Florence was awarded the first and highest premium at the State Fair of California, the only Fair on the Pacific coast at, which any two doubld thread Sewing Machines were exhibited in competition in 1865.

The Florence received the only premium awarded, by the Mechanic's Institute of San Francisco, in 1864 and 1865, to any Sewing Machine, Sewing Machine Co., or Agent. The claim of a competitor to a medal is without any foundation whatever.

Wherever the Florence has been brought in competition with other Sewing Machines, it has always been declared the best. It is the most simple, the most substantial, the most efficent, and its use is easily learned. Every Machine sold is guaranteed in the full sense of the word.

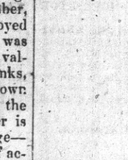
SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND SAMPLES OF WORK

SAMUEL HILL, GENERAL AGENT.
March 24-1y 111 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSATORY,



(Established in 1854.) 617 Kearney Street, near Commercial, San Francisco.

For the treatment of Sexual and Semiral Diseases, such as gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, syphilis in all its forms; seminal weakness, impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated legs, successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned to this State, after an absence of one year, during which time he has visited all the principal hospitals of Europe—among them those of Dublin, London and Paris. The following celebrated hospitals of London are among those visited by the Doctor: Guy's, High St., Borough; St. Bartholomew's, Smithfield; St. Luke's, Old street; St. Mary's, Camb Place, Pad.; Lock, Harrow road; University, Gower street; Westminster, Broad Sanctuary; Charring Cross, Agar street, Strand; London, Whitehapel road; Royal Free, Gray's Inn road; King's College, Portugal street.

DR. GIBBON has visited Drs. Acton of London; Parker of Birmingham, England, and Ricord of Paris, who are considered the best physicians and surgeons in the world, and whose authority is acknowledged to be the highest in the treatment of Sexual Diseases.

DR. GIBBON has obtained from them their new mode of treatment, which cannot be surpassed.

DR. GIBBON has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1, 1865.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system. Look at their pallid, amaciated and disfigured faces, and their broken constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians and friends attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible, life-destroying maladies—see that they are cared for and cured before it be too late. Send them to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended Doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places. Be therefore careful and make strick inquiry, or may fall into the hands of those charlatans.

Syphilis is Syphilis the world over; so is small pox, consumption and other diseases, to the contrary of what quacks may say.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Weakness, the consequence of sel-abuse.—This solitary vice or depraved sexual indulgence is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures: sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunt intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained should apply immediately either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by this new and scientific mode of treating this complaint, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give $100 to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured by either of the San Francisco quacks.

DR. GIBBON is responsible and will give to each patient a written instrument binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to DR. GIBBON, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use, for ten dollars, sent in a registered leter, or through Wells, Fargo & Co.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 617 Kearney street, near Commercial, San Francisco, Postoffice Box 252.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and prerenders who, with bogus swgrn to certificates, dupe the unwary. Some of the self-styled doctors whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly papers of San Francisco and other places, are tradesmen, and became too lazy to work at their trade. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, newspaper-carriers, intelligence office, keepers, etc., etc. Look over the San Francisco City Directory and you will find their former occupation in it. Look at the Directory for 1862. The only way to avoid imposition is make inquiry—it will cost you nothing and may save you many regrets, for, advertising physicians in eight cases of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting till you know what they are. DR. GIBBON does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended patients' letters, etc. DR. GIBBON will satisfy persons who may call at his office of his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure.

Prevention Better than Cure.

The newly invented Patent French Safe, a sure Prevention against diseases and pregnancy. Sent by mail—Price, $2.

Address **DR. J. F. GIBBON,**
617 Kearney street, near Commercial,
Jan27-3mn San Francisco Postoffice Box 252

☞ Persons writing Dr. Gibbon will please state the name of the paper they see his advertisement in.

HAPPINESS OR MISERY

THAT IS THE QUESTION.—THE PROprietors of the PACIFIC MUSEUM of Anatomy and Science," have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive LECTURES, on MARRIAGE, and its disqualifications; Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of curing thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents in postage-stamps by addressing "Secretar Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. dec1 6m

DR. F. W. BURGH,

GERMAN PHYICIAN,

PACIFIC STREET, NEAR MONTGOMERY,
San Francisco, Cal.,

LATE PROFESSOR AND LECTURER ON GENERATIVE ORGANS AT THE UNIVERSITY BRESLIN PRUSSIA.

Persons of both Sexes living at a distance who are afflicted with Impotence, Seminal Weakness, Loss of Sexual Power, or any disease of the Generative Organs, and have been unable to obtain a cure can address a letter to the Doctor stating case.

☞ Consultations by letter or otherwise, free. Charges Moderate. Address

DR. F. W. BURGH,
de30-3m Box 325, San Francisco.

ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER!

For Diseases having their origin from the Impurity of the Blood, and Derangement of the System.

The Blood Purifier is a compound of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, with Iodide of Potass, and several other of the most efficacious remedies known in the vegetable world, will exert an immediate effect on the system, and if persisted in for a reasonable length of time will eradicate all latent poison form the blood.

It contains no Mercury or Mineral Poison

Prepared only by

SAMUEL ADAMS,
At the United States Drug Store,
Cor. Bush and Powell strs., San Francisco.

For sale by all Druggists in the State. ja27-3m

DISTRICT COURT SUMMONS.

STATE California, County of Placer, District Court of the 14th Judicial District of said State.

The People of the State of California to Mathew Andrews, Greeting:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of Mary E. Andrews in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; but if served on you without said county, and within said district, twenty days; and if served on you without said county and District, then in forty days from such service exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 16th day of February, 1866, in said Court, to obtain a jugement and decree of said Court, dissolving the bonds of matrimony, existing between you, defendant, Matthew Andrews, and Mary E. Andrews, the Plaintiff herein. Plaintiff also prays to be decreed to have the custody of Isabel, the infant daughter of Plaintiff and Defendant. Also her costs of suit. All of which you will find more fully set out in Plaintiff's complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will take judgement against you by default as prayed for and apply to the Court for the relief demanded and such other or further relief as may be just.

In Witness whereof, I, DAVID W. SPEAR, L. S. Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 16th day of February, 1866. D. W. SPEAR, Clerk,

A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy

L. R. S. 50 cts. By Order of Court.
Attest: D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.
By A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy
CHAS. A. TUTTLE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Washington Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company, Meadow District, Nevada county, California, are hereby notified that the third Annual Meeting of said Company will be held at their office in Dutch Flat, on Monday, April 30th, 1866, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers and the transaction of other business. Proxies properly stamped, must be filed with the Secretary.
March 7, 1866. 3m J. DAMSGUARD, Sec'y.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING done at this office.

ENQUIRER CALENDAR,

1866.

1866	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
SUNDAY	7	4	4	1	6	3	1	5	2	7	4	2
MONDAY	1	5	5	2	7	4	2	6	3	8	5	3
TUESDAY	2	6	6	3	8	5	3	7	4	9	6	4
WEDNESDAY	3	7	7	4	9	6	4	8	5	10	7	5
THURSDAY	4	8	8	5	10	7	5	9	6	11	8	6
FRIDAY	5	9	9	6	11	8	6	10	7	12	9	7
SATURDAY	6	10	10	7	12	9	7	11	8	13	10	8
SUNDAY	7	11	11	8	13	10	8	12	9	14	11	9
MONDAY	8	12	12	9	14	11	9	13	10	15	12	10
TUESDAY	9	13	13	10	15	12	10	14	11	16	13	11
WEDNESDAY	10	14	14	11	16	13	11	15	12	17	14	12
THURSDAY	11	15	15	12	17	14	12	16	13	18	15	13
FRIDAY	12	16	16	13	18	15	13	17	14	19	16	14
SATURDAY	13	17	17	14	19	16	14	18	15	20	17	15
SUNDAY	14	18	18	15	20	17	15	19	16	21	18	16
MONDAY	15	19	19	16	21	18	16	20	17	22	19	17
TUESDAY	16	20	20	17	22	19	17	21	18	23	20	18
WEDNESDAY	17	21	21	18	23	20	18	22	19	24	21	19
THURSDAY	18	22	22	19	24	21	19	23	20	25	22	20
FRIDAY	19	23	23	20	25	22	20	24	21	26	23	21
SATURDAY	20	24	24	21	26	23	21	25	22	27	24	22
SUNDAY	21	25	25	22	27	24	22	26	23	28	25	23
MONDAY	22	26	26	23	28	25	23	27	24	29	26	24
TUESDAY	23	27	27	24	29	26	24	28	25	30	27	25
WEDNESDAY	24	28	28	25	30	27	25	29	26	31	28	26
THURSDAY	25			26	31	28	26	30	27		29	27
FRIDAY	26			27		29	27	31	28		30	28
SATURDAY	27			28		30	28		29			29
SUNDAY	28			29			29		30			30
MONDAY	29			30			30					31
TUESDAY	30						31					
WEDNESDAY	31											

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES AND MODERATE CHARGES.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S

Private Medical and Surgical Institute,
Sacramento Street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office. Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and Scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all Sexual Diseases.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal emissions, Sexual Disability, Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc., and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to ensure him a share of public prtronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment, and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates from two of his patients, who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary Public.

The welfare of society imperiously demand their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unware than to sound the praise of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited during a practice of more than fifteen years.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restor ed, that in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some some written acknowledgement for your valuable services—particularly as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in this city, and believing those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, (some of whom have a large number of titles,) I placed myself in their charge and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the first Doctor I ever employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. Doherty for my address and call and see me, (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœ, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours, L—— H——.

San Francisco, June 16, 1864.

subscribed and sworn to in my presence this 21st day of June, A. D. 1864.

[L. S.] A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.

Seminal Weakness—A Sworn-to Certificate of a most Remarkable Cure of Spermatorrhœa.

A desire to benefit humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to Dr. W. K. Doherty, alone, induces me to make this statement. For many years I have been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa," or Seminal Weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year however, I had Seminal Weakness to an alarming extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptons as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was afflicted to such an extent as to impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but seeing Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I would call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty at his office, in Sacramento street, and left myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping trat my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1864.

[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute, and consult him about their troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married Ladies whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families should write or call at Dr. W. K. Doherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The Doctor's offices are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents.

Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case (including the remedies), will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

☞ Consultation at the office FREE. Permanent cure guaranteed or no pay. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
m31-3m San Francisco, California.

PLACER BREWERY,

Corner of Main and Sacramento Streets,

FRED. GROHS.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor desires to inform the public that he continues to brew

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CARDS AND CARD STOCK, ALL COLORS, PRINTING INKS, ALL COLORS, BRONZES AND VARNISHES, PRINTING PRESSES, TYPE AND PRINTING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

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MEDICAL.

PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Established by
DR. J. C. YOUNG, IN 1850.
FOR THE CURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES AND ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

CONSULTING OFFICE,
540 WASHINGTON STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO, : : : : : : : : : : CALIFORNIA
NO CURE, NO PAY.

Consultation by letter, or otherwise, FREE. For direction of letters, see below.

THIS CELEBRATED INSTITUTE

has enjoyed on this coast an uninterrupted success of fourteen years, and has become one of the renowned Hospitals of the age. What the celebrated Lock Hospital is to London, and the no less renowned establishment of Ricord is to Paris, this Institute has become to the Pacific coast. The thousands annually received and cured since it it in point of number of patients among the very first of the world, and the success of its treatment ranks it second to none.

PRIVATE DISEASES IN MALE and IRREGULARITIES in FEMALES are the great destroyers of health They insidiously attack the system and gradually undermine and destroy it; they drive the bloom from the cheek, the lustre from the eye, the strength from the frame; they give to the world puny and diseased offspring, and poison, through successive generations the race of man. The marks can be seen in Scrofula, Consumption, Cripples, the Idiotic, the Paralytic, the Insane, etc.

There is no more horrible scourge to the human race than those diseases arising from the contamination of Venereal Poison. The mildest forms, by retreating to the blood, hold over the afflicted one, the destruction that is liable at any moment to fall and blight—to utterly destroy—all earthly hopes.

MERCURY, recognized as the most fatal medical enemy to man, combining with the Venereal, doubles in dangers. Those who have been treated with that pernicious mineral poison are not cured; the disease has only assumed a new form.

Do not be Satisfied with Partial Cures

that leave the poison to crawl through the system, eating its way into the tissues and organs beneath the apparently smooth surface, to burst out in the future with a virulence that will baffle the effects of medicine. WHEN PERFECT CURES can be obtained by consulting a physician whom long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of DISEASES of the URINARY ORGANS enables to determine at once the nature of the disease.

In all cases entrusted to the Doctor's care, PERFECT SPEEDY and PERMANENT.

Cures are Always Guaranteed.

In syphilis and its adjuncts; Gonnorhœa and its accompanying diseases; and all diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion, Dyspepsia; Incipient consumption, and all diseases of the urinary organs, in either sex, cure always warranted, NO PAY REQUIRED, at the

Private Medical Institute,

No. 540 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS OR SPERMATORRHOEA.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises. He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, forebodings of evil